

#### In today's Jordan Times...

- Planning for Ramadan: Page 2 • Threatened potters undaunted: Page 3
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- . Israeli spy chief in row: Page 5. · Can U.S. tax cuts meet deadline? Page 6
- · Hundreds said killed in Ghana: Page 8

ساسية تعديد التجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الإردنية "الراي"

#### **Today's Weather**

It will be fair, with northwesterly fresh winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly fresh and seas

> Overalght Daytime

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 39. Sunset tonight: 6:47 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 4:31 a.m.

Volume 6, Number 1691

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY JUNE 24, 1981 — SHABAN 22, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

# 2-stage conference on Afghan problem proposed by Britain

LUXEMBOURG, June 23 (R) — Britain has launched a new European Common Market initiative to try to put pressure on the Soviet Union to withdraw its troops from Afghanistan, diplomatic sources said here

The British proposal is for a wo-stage international conrence on Afghanistan attended " y the five permanent members of Le United Nations Security Coucil and non-aligned states neihbouring Afghanistan...

Diplomatic sources said the Brish ambassador to Moscow, Mr. was urtis Keeble, had been charged : ith seeking Soviet reaction to the roposal today.

... They said the proposed site of note conference was Islamabad. akistan had already signified its ii. ... ipport for the conference.

The proposed participants are e United States, the Soviet nion, Britain, France and China Billick: permanent members of the curity Council, as well as India, akistan and Iran as neighbouring-

# Hassan o visit France

MMAN, June 23 (Petra) — His yal Highness Crown Prince ssan will leave Amman for Fratomorrow for a working visit of eral days, during which he will et with French President Fraiking French officials.

(GHDAD, June 23 (Agencies) Iraqi President Saddam Hus-

n met this afternoon with Lib-

n Maj. Abdul Salam Jalloud,

envoy of Libvan leader Col.

rammar Qadhafi, after his talks

· Jordan yesterday.

non-aligned states.

Diplomatic sources said British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, who will take over the six-monthly presidency of the European Economic Community (EEC) from July 1, won support for his idea from other EEC foreign ministers during private talks here last night.

The original intention bnd been to launch the initiative publicly at a market summit on June 29-30 after contacting other potential participants, but news of the proposals leaked out.

Diplomatic sources said the British suggestion would be for a two-part conference, with the first stage devoted to discussing Soviet claims that it intervened in Afghanistan to ward off other foreign interference in the area.

This stage would involve the main powers and representatives of the Non-aligned Movement, including neighbouring Pakistan, but not Afghanistan itself, which would only participate in the sec-

The second phase would discuss Afgbanistan's future status and independent sovereignty, with Britain backing its proposal made nearly 18 months ago that Afghanistan should become an interastionally recognised neutral

. It was adopted as an EEC pro-Community at a meeting in Rome-

During the Baghdad meeting, the two sides discussed the current

Arab situation, the need to pool

the Arab Nation's resources to

confront Israeli aggression, and

the dangers threatening the Arab

Nation's sovereignty, security and



#### Baby prince takes a name

The naming ceremony of Prince Hashem Ibn Al Hussein took place Tuesday afternoon at Al Hummar Palace. The Chief Qadi, Sheikh Ibrahim Al Qattan, recited verses from the Koran and prayers over the baby prince, below, born to His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor nn June 10. The ceremony also was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, His Highness Prince Mohammad, several nther members of the Royal Family, Armed Forces Commander in Chief Lt. Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, and nther officials.



# Pact near for Sinai force

tinational force to police Sinai to an agreement."...

Mr. Michael Sterner told rep- current session, which ends on

The meeting was attended by

Iraqi Vice President Taha Muhyi

Al Din Ma'rouf, Revolutionary

Command Council (RCC) mem-

ber and Deputy Prime Minister

Tareq Aziz, RCC Secretary Gen-

CAIRO, June 23 (R) - An agr- orters: "We are in the final stages. eement is close on forming a mul- 1 am happy to say we are very close

year, the chief U.S. delegate at the otiators have been trying to for- pletely," said Mr. Sterner.

eral Tareq Hamad Ahdallah, and Foreign Minister Dr. Sa'doun

Maj. Jalloud left Baghdad this

During his brief visit to Jordan,

Maj. Jalloud conveyed a message

from Col. Oadhafi to His Majesty

King Hussein on recent dev-

elopments in the Arab region and

the strengthening of Arab sol-

Prime Minister Mudar Badran

and the Libyan and Iraqi amb-

assadors in Amman accompanied Maj. Jalloud to the airport this

Since the June 7 Israeli air strike

on lraq's nuclear reactor. Col.

Qadhafi has called on Arab lea-

ders to put aside their own dis-

solid Arab front against Israel. He

also has launched a diplomatic

offensive to upgrade his own

on-again off-again relations with

Maj. Jalloud went to Bagbdad

five days after Col. Qadhafi broke

his long silence with the Iraqi reg-

ime by telephoning President Saddam. Col. Qadhafi lası year

declared his support for Iran in its border war against Iraq.

other Arab stales.

putes in favour of presenting a

Jalloud, Saddam talk in Baghdad

"The negotiators may want to ..... go home at least once before we after the Israeli withdrawal next Egyptian, Israeli and U.S. neg- can wrap up agreement com-

> ber of the Egyptian delegation. said Israel still objected to Egypt's demand that the force had to coordinate its movements with the Egyptian authorities.

Since this force will operate on Egyptian soil, authorities must have complete knowledge of its movements," he said.

Egypt maintained that the security of the force was its responsibility, Israel argued that the force must be completely independent, he said. Under the peace treaty con-

cluded in March 1979. Israel must evacuate Sinai by April 1982, on condition that a United Nations or a multinational force with U.S. participation moves into the area to police the Egyptian-Israeli bor-

(Related story on page 8)

## Bomb kills 4 in Qom

BEIRUT, June 23 (A.P.) - A bomb exploded today in a railroad. station in Iran's boly city of Qom. killing four persons and injuring 58, Tehran Radio reported.

The state-run radio said the explosion occurred at 4:32 p.m. local time (1302 GMT) and an investigation was underway to 'find out who is responsible." The broadcast called the bombing another conspiracy."

# Where's Bani-Sadr? Iranian manhunt stalled

TEHRAN, June 23 (Agencies) — Where is Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr? Depending on whom one believes, the ousted Iranian president is in Cairo, on his way to Cairo, in western Iran, or moving from hideout to hideout in Tehran.

Egyptian officials declined to comment today on reports that Mr. Bani-Sadr was in Cairo, but an informed Egyptian source said he could be on his way.

The sources said the Egyptian authorities had granted a request from Mr. Bani-Sadr's aides that he be allowed to enter Egypt, and that the former president could he expected to arrive here within 48

But Western diplomats said a deliberate leak to press circles in Cairo tbat Mr. Bani-Sadr might be here could be intended to confuse those seeking his arrest in Iran.

The former president, who was dismissed by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini yesterday, has not been seen in public since June 11.

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, a bitter critic of the ayatollah, gave sanctuary to the late Sbah of Iran and his family after they fled Iran during the 1979 Islamic revolution.

The revolutionary prosecutor of Iran's Kermansbah Province on the Iraqi border said in a statement published by the newspaper Islamic Republic this morning that Mr. Bani-Sadr possibly was on the run in western Iran and urged people there to be on the lookout for him.

The statement gave no details. There was speculation in Tehran last week that Mr. Bani-Sadr might seek refuge in his home city of Hamadan or adjacent western

Reports persisted that Mr. Bani-Sadr, dismissed after the Iranian Majlis (parliament) voted him incompetent by an overwhelming margin on Sunday, was moving from hideout to hideout in Tehran to avoid arrest on charges. of being "anti-Islam and anti-revolution."

Meanwhile, Prime Minister Mohammad Ali Raja'i is likely to be the front-runner for successor of Mr. Bani-Sadr's post, reliable

#### Saddam: **Help Arabs** get A-bomb

NICOSIA, June 23 (A.P.) -Iraqi President Saddam Hussein called on "all peace-loving nations of the world" today to help the Arabs acquire the atomic bomb in order to balance Israel's nuclear arsenal. the official Iraqi News Agency reported.

The agency quoted President Saddam as saying this was essential for world peace and security, "irrespective of Iraq's current and future capabilities."

This was his first public reaction to Israel's air raid on lrag's nuclear reactor near Baghdad on June 7.

sources in Tehran predicted

The sources said Mr. Raja'i would be the nominee of the fun-damentalist Islamic Republican

Party (IRP) for the next pre-sidential election, and he might run uncontested. Mr. Behzad Nabavi, Iran's chief

negotiator during the U.S. hostage crisis, would move up to premier, the sources said.

But the IRP, the dominant party that engineered Mr. Bani-Sadr's impeachment, was reported as the only party likely to run a candidate in the presidential

# Arab ministers meet on Lebanese crisis; Habib, Sarkis confer

JEDDAH, June 23 (Agencies) — Four Arah foreign ministers met today to discuss ways of halting violence in Lebanon, with Syria indicating that links between Israel and the right-wing Falangist

militia were a crucial problem. The Arab League ministers from Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Syria and Lehanon met earlier this month in the Lebanese mountain resort of Beiteddin and a fragile

ceasefire followed their talks. Fighting has flared again in the last few days, especially around the besieged eastern town of Zahle, and government sources in Beirut said yesterday they saw lintle prospect of a long-term peace formula arising from the current

meeting. Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam told the official Saudi Press Agency today: "The most important question occupving us now is to settle the problem of cooperation between certain Lebanese parties and the

Zionist enemy. The chief stumbling block to a political solution has been a demand by Syria that the right-wing Falangist militia make a public declaration renouncing ties with Israel, and a Falangist refusal to

Syria has 30,000 troops on peacekeeping duties in Lebanon who have been hesieging Falangists in Zable for 12 weeks. More than 800 people bave died since the latest fighting there and elsewhere in Lebanon broke out at the beginning of April.

The mediators are meeting in Jeddah to prepare for a further session in Lebanon on July 4, solution to the crisis.

with factional chiefs.

Special U.S. Middle East envoy Philip Habib, continuing his shuttle diplomacy to alleviate tensions in Lebanon, visited President Elias Sarkis today.

Mr. Habib, U.S. President Ronald Reagan's personal representative, conferred with Mr. Sarkis at the presidential palace inthe wooded hills of Barbda, eight kilometres east of Beirut.

In accordance with his hahit since he started shuttling around the Middle East in early May, Mr. Habih refused to talk to reporters when he emerged from the meeting. Photographers were forbidden to take pictures of Mr. Habib and President Sarkis seated together before the session started, although such photographs had been the norm on Mr. Habib's previous four visits to Lebanon since the birth of the Syrian-Israeli

missile crisis in late April. Lebanese television reported that Mr. Habib was to meet tomorrow with Prime Minister shafiq Al Wazzan.

Mr. Hahih arrived yesterday in Beirut, flying in from Saudi Arabia where he talked with foreign minister Prince Saud Al Faisal.

On April 28, Israel came to the aid of the militias in Zahle by shooling down two Syrian helicopters. The Syrians responded by setting up anti-aircraft missiles

in the Bekaa Valley.

Israel has threatened to wipe out the missiles if the Syrians do not voluntarily remove them. Habib is hunting for a peaceful

# 4 Communists join cabinet in France --1st time in 34 years

PARIS, June 23 (Agencies) - French President François Mitterrand tonight named Communists to ministerial posts for the first time in 34 years.

Four Communists were included in the government, the second formed by Premier Pierre Mauroy following Mr. Mitterrand's election on May 10 and the Socialists' landslide win in the logislative elections ending last Sunday.

They were led by Mr. Charles Fiterman, number two to Communist Party leader Georges Marchais, who was named minister of transport, the third-ranking government post.

The other posts given the Communists were health, professional training and civil service. The government, announced on the steps of the presidential Elysee Palace by Mr. Mitterrand's chief of staff, included 43 ministers

and secretaries of state -- junior ministers -- one more than the outgoing government. Socialist and Communist leaders earlier today approved a joint political agreement which cleared the way for Communist par-

ticipation in government. Mr. Pierre Juquin, a member of the Communist ruling Polithuro. told reporters the agreement hammered out overnight by delegations of the two parties had been accepted unanimously by his party's

central committee. Earlier, Socialist First Secretary Leonel Jospin reported that his party's leadership had ratified the declaration, which covers social and economic policies at home and foreign affairs.

During the negotiations the Socialists insisted that the Communists soften their support for Moscow over Poland and Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, sources said.

The Socialist Party won an absolute majority in weekend elections for France's 491-seat National Assembly, giving the president a free

But according to most political commentators, he wants to ensure he has the full support of the Communist Party and France's main trade union, the Communist-led CGT, in case of social unrest next

Mr. Marchais is insisting on Communist representation in the government, despite the party's slump at the polls, in return for. Communist support in Mr. Mitterrand's election on May 10. Mr. Mitterrand hopes that international concern over the first

inclusion of Communist ministers in a major Western government for 34 years will be lessened because the Socialists can carry through their programme of economic and social reforms in parliament without Communist backing.



ibyan Maj. Abdul Salam Jalloud chats with Prime Minister Mudar Badran, who saw him off at the airport Tuesday morning.

# seheshti the victor as the dust settles in Iran

EHRAN, June 23 (R) - The sacking of resident Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr turns the otlight on the clergyman many Iranians lieve to be the most powerful politician in e country--Chief Justice Ayatollah Mohnmad Beheshti. His power derives from holding

vatollah Beheshti, 52, a sevgravel-voiced figure who 's the black turban of a desant of the Prophet Mohad, once told an interviewer: u know, I'm not really as

orful as people say." the man behind the gradual of power and prestige that led dismissal yesterday of Iran's president 17 anombs after be a huge victory in the country's

presidential elections. pen leftist supporters of the dent took to the streets of an on Saturday for a demation in which at least 25 le died, their first and loudest was "Death to Beheshti."

two key positions: head of the supreme court and leader of the Islamic Republican Party (IRP) which dominates the government. courts and Majlis (parliament). His twin roles have been cri-

ticised by opponents of the fundementalist IRP as prejudicing the independence of the courts. The removal of the president

adds another hat for Ayatollah Bebeshti to wear-as a member of the presidential council that will govern Iran until a successor to Mr. Banl-Sadr is chosen in new elections within 50 days.

The other members are Mailis Speaker Hashemi Rafsanjani-like Ayatollah Beh-

eshti a founder member of the IRP-and Prime Minister Mobammad Ali Raja'i, who is not a member but supports the IRP.

Critics of the IRP have suggested that the council will not be able to hold the elections within the stipulated period due to the continuing war with Iraq and civil unrest in some parts of the country, allowing the IRP-dominated council to stay in power for longer.

ever, pledged that the council will arrange the elections within the 50 By all accounts, the avatollah--who prefers to use his

Ayatollah Beheshti has, how-

academic title of doctor-is one of the most enigmatic clergymen to emerge from Iran's Islamic rev-Before the overthrow of the late Shah in January 1979 he spent five

years as spiritual adviser to the exi-

led Iranian community in the West German city of Hamburg. He then emerged as right-hand man of revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, first in

exile at the French village of Neauphle-le-Chateau and then after his triumphant return to Tehran. At his weekly press conferences

in the justice ministry, where he

has his offices, he fields questions

with ease in English and German. Each word is carefully chosen and he never says more than he needs--in sharp contrast to Mr. Bani-Sadr who regularly issued lengthy statements which bis supporters cautioned were too out-

Åfter Mr. Bani-Sadr won 75 per cent of the popular vote for president in January 1980, some commentators wrote off Ayatollah Beheshti's party. But in the Mailis elections that followed, the IRP declared a majority of dep-

uties were its supporters. With the Majlis firmly lined up against him, the president found that winning the election was not enough to give him power.

He was forced to accept as prime minister the IRP-sponsored

Mr. Raia i and his term soon became a battle over interpretation of the constitution adopted after the revolution. Mr. Bani-Sadr saw himself apparently as a powerful French-style head of the executive branch, while the IRP saw his role as purely ceremonial.

In his last comments on the president, at a press conference last week, Ayatollah Beheshti said: "Mr. Bani-Sadr was elected by 10 million people to play the role of president according to our constitution, not according to the con-stitution of France, the U.S. or Germany."

He denied a reporter's suggestion the IRP had brought Mr. Bani-Sadr down by blocking bis

"There is no problem between Mr. Bani-Sadr and the IRP," he said. "The problem is really between him and his fellows with all the people in the line which has been called the Imam's (Ayatollah Khomeini's) line," the avatollah



# NATIONAL

# **Supply Ministry** lays Ramadan plans

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) — The Ministry of Supply has taken several measures to provide sufficient quantities of foodstuffs and to cope with the increased consumption during the Muslim sacred month of Ramadan, particularly regarding supplies of food which the

ministry directly haodles.

Supply Ministry Uoder-Secretary Mohammad Al Saqqaf said the ministry has contracted this year to purchase additional quantities of fresh meat. Forty-five to 50 tonnes of muttoo a day will be offered on the market during the month of Ramadan, in addition to 45 to 50 tonnes of veal each day, he said.

Mr. Saggaf said the ministry has large quantities of frozen chicker in its warehouses, and will market these quantities and be prepared to fulfil any other local demands.

Mr. Saqqaf explained that the ministry had also signed cootracts to purchase large quantities of frozen meat which will arrive in Jordan before the beginning of Ramadan.

He added that there are sufficient quantities of rice, sugar and flour in the ministry's warehouses, and that four ships loaded with 40,000 tonnes of rice and flour will arrive in Jordan in the next 10 days. The ministry will provide high-grade flour to the manufacturers of sweets. Mr. Saqqaf said. Other staples such as leotils, peas and milk are available in sufficient quantities, the said.

Mr. Saqqaf appealed to merchants to be cootent with reasonable profits during Ramadan, and said the Ministry of Supply will intensify its inspection programme and will take the strictest legal and administrative measures against those who violate the law. He war-ned that violators will be sent quickly to the court martial for legal

#### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### **Exhibitions**

- \* "City Reflections" displaying photographs of the City of Londoo hy Brian Wiggintoo, at the British Council in Jabal Amman.
- \* An exhibition of photographs of the American West by the American photographer Ansel Adams, at the American Centre. off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

Today....Today

in

#### CINEMA RAINBOW

Superman II



#### **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

#### Tourist team to visit USSR

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) — A delegation representing the Jordan Hotels Association will leave next Monday for Moscow. according to a decision taken by the Department of Tourism's administrative council. The delegation, headed by association President Zuhair Ajlouni, will discuss ways of reinforcing tours m cooperation between Jordan and the Soviet Union. Members of the delegation will be Mr. Samir Sawalha, Mr. Fakhri Al Tuwal and Mr. Mohammad Al Qawasmi.

#### Ibrahim meets Greek envov

AMMAN, June 23 (Petral -- Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim received at his office today the Greek ambassador in Amman. During the meeting, they discussed reiations between the two countries and the latest development in the Middle East issue.

#### Police stress foreign labour rule

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) - A spokesman for the Public Security Directorate today appealed to employers to stoo hiring foreigners without residence permits. The directorate will impose sanctions on violators, he said.

#### Hotel rate freeze sticks

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) - Director General of Tourism Michael Hamarneh has affirmed that Jordan will maintain its freeze on hotel rates for tourists. The move comes as part of the tourism marketing programme mounted by the government abroad to attract visitors to Jordan.

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# Squash tourney held

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan this afternoon patronised Crown Prince Hassan distributed the Jordanian squash tournament at Al Hussen Youth City,

The tournament, organised by the Joronnian Squash Federation,

included three age groups: for young men under the age of 16. won by Nasser Khalifah; 16 - 19, won by Mazen Sofan, and 20 and



Hassan Al Momani

#### **Ministry** checks up on municipalities

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) -Committees from the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment today began touring municipalities to assess their services, activities, their level of discipline, adherence to financial and administrative regulations and progress in implementing their programmes.

Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani, said that municipalities which excel others in these areas will be given eash prizes to finance projects for the public good, as well as certificates of appreciation.

Mr. Momani said the awards will total JD 50,000, JD 3,000 each will also be awarded to the best three rural councils, and ID 3.000 each to municipalities which have libraries.

cups and medals to the winners.
The tournament was attended by Minister of Culture and Youth

Ma'an Abu Nowar, the Pakistani ambassador in Amman and many squash fans.

Crown Prince Hassan, the honorary president of the Jordanian Squash Federation, said that new international courts will be set up for this game at the Youth City, in preparation for the Asian squash tournament which will be held in Amman in October 1982.

# Fire destroys 800 dunums

AMMAN, June 23 (Petra) - Fire broke out this afterno poultry farm near Wasfi Al Tal Forest south of Jerash, can destruction of some 800 to 1,000 dummes of forest and gr The Civil Defence Directorate said the fire was causanegligence of u farm worker who burned some dead chek

area of dry grass. Fire engines of the directorate in the areas of Jernsh and and some from Ammin, rushed to the scene to try to co fire, which was accomplished after two hours.

The directorate appealed to the public to be cautious at start fires or to throw eigarette ends nour dry grass and & order to avoid such fires which harm the forests of the oc

Seminar discusses waste recycling

# Don't dump it -- re-use

water.

#### By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, June 23 - Participants in a seminar on waste water and its treatment at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) today heard about the possibility of making whisky from a waste product of the dairy industry. This intriguing fact was contained in one of several lectures given on the second day of the seminar at the RSS Industrial Chemistry Department.

In the first lecture today, Mr. Ken Wyatt, a British expert on the subject who has been advising some Jordanian industries, talked about the re-use of water and by-product recovery following the treatment of industrial effluents and waste water. He explained that the main use of treated water is for irrigation, but that care must be taken to ensure that the concentration of dissolved solids such as mineral salts is not so high as to damage the soil and plants.

Irrigation is the only use for water coming straight out of treatment plants, he said. Other uses are possible, but the water can be treated according to the anticipated use of the water. For example, the water can be ehlorinated, filtered through sand and then stored for use in flushtoilets, and for car washing, but definitely must not be used for

human consumption. This product is known as "secondary grade"

To obtain "primary grade" water, secondary grade water has to be treated further. Iron exchange systems will remove harmful irons, but flocculation to remove colloidal substances is also necessary - then the water can be used in industries such as in food and eanning, or pharmaceutical manufacturing.

Another use of treated waste water is the replenishment of natural aquifers. A natural purification process can take place by the infiltration of the water through the soil system and lower strata before reaching the aquifers.

The feasibility of by-product recovery is a very delicate matter, Mr. Wyatt said, totally dependent on market demand. It makes sense to recycle some by-products of certain industries such as breweries and dairies etc.

#### Whisky from whey?

The seminar discussion centred around the re-use of the dairy industry by-product known as whey. Whey is known to be a good source of protein; it is also a contributor to pollution if mishandled. It is thought to be the closest substance to natural milk. and can be used to produce haby foods. Proteins and sugar such as lactose can be extracted, and used to supplement human and animal diets. Such a process is restricted by the hygienic laws regarding humans and animals.

It was mentioned that an Irish company has managed to produce erial - it is possible to generate alcohol from the substance through fermeotation.

Later, a film on the use of sludge in agriculture was shown, supplemeoted by a lecture given by Mr. Jose Oberhauser, a Swiss engineer and specialist in waste water treatment.

Sludge -- the thick slimy material remaining after waste water has been treated -- is known to be a good soil conditioner. It consists of granular substances of mineral origin and organic material, and is high in protein content. But dealing with the material is problomatic and complex. It is difficult to disperse, but modern machinery and techniques have improved matters. Ca taken because sludgsome viral and patho teria, which must be n

Sludge has a very hi to hold moisture, anrefore contribute a l iculture in Jordan in ione dry season here. rhauser said. It can be t junction with fertilise some countries is use tiliser hase.

#### Efficents deadline

Following the lectu Halteh of the Ministry and Trade's Director ndards and Measure cussed the Jordanian Standard No. 202 -effluents discharged and rivers. A defence i by the prime ministr ended the deadline struction of industri: treatment plants until 1981, he said. The end the original date set for compliance.

Mr. Halteh expres at the extent of poll Zaroa River, due to t. of untreated indust This is dangerous to ! in the area, and ultin King Talal Dam whi feeds, he said.

Mr. Boulos Ke resenting the Nation Council, stressed the of adhering to Stand: until other standare mulated. He also me pigns are in the work treatment plants in cts. The Zar for example, is of p ortance, and will very sewerage system.

Dr. Shak'a of the ustrial Chemistry 1 discussed the depart matter in waste water orts. Technical and sa vices are offered in the of waste water and

uses of effluents, he Sampling techniqu quency have to be as care in order to resentative sample for added.

The seminar's part visit a trentment plantomorrow, after which cussion will be held.

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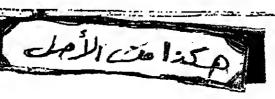
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### Administra seminar op at the JCO

AMMAN, June 23 (7 seminar on the deve administrative skills 1 morning at the trainit the Jordan Cooper anisation (JCO).

Opening the semina ector General Hassan! irmed that it was at ortunity to emphasis ortance of training, di exchange of expertise.

The seminar organ Public Administration

Our nation's crafts

# ACOR chief prepares to go Threatened

Dr. James Sauer, director of the American Centre of Oriental Research (ACOR) in Amman, will leave Jordan on July 2 to take a chair at the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia. During the seven years he directed the work of the centre, its staff grew from one to seven members, the budget from \$21,000 to \$100,000 a year; projects that work through the centre increased from one

to 15 to 20 and a library and hostel were established.

In addition to his research and publication works, Dr. Sauer taught archaeology courses at the University of Jordan and at ACOR. He also advised the Friends of Archaeology on its programmes. In an interview for the Jordan Times he talked with Marianne Pearson about his work in Jordan:

"My wife Sne and I flipped a coin, and accepted the University of Pennsylvania position. Leaving.

Obere will be the biggest adjustment of my life. We both feel completely at home here. We have a child born here... and we can't think of a nicer place to raise chidren. (the Sauers' second child, Katherine, was born here on June "I got started in archaeology in Jordan in 1960 and decided right then and there that what I wanted o do was to be the director of an American institute in Jordan. "The position at the University

one of the top " : iniversities for Middle Eastern trcbaeology, is in Syroalestinian archaeology. It has een held by only two people, who luent destach held it for about 40 years. Two years ago they offered me the ob, but at that time I wrote back "Yet there is a time you pro-.

ably have to make a change. Itnay come before you think it shoild - and you have to look at the act that you might not always. ave an obvious, excellent person

. 5:E: 20-ed.)

#### ACOR's new staff

"My successor is a young person nown to many people here, Pavid McCreery. He has an excllent personality for the position. le's an independent kind of peron who can cope with the numrous bureaucratic problems that us kind of position runs into. He nd his wife have lived here for a ear while be worked at Bab Al

"He just finished his PhD at the oiversity of Pittsburgh, in a subct that might sound esoteric ottery was esoteric until they ok some classes. His field is daeo-ethno-botany, which is the -idy of ancient seed remains and · il samples from excavations that low us to reconstruct the diet. e climate, the environment and ricultural practices of ancient vilisations. He was co-author for e Department of Antiquities of study for the five-year plan. He is also worked in Syria, and has ad extensive excavation and sury experience.

"He'll have an excellent group people to work with next year arry Rollefson will be annual ofessor; Scott Rolston, admistrative assistant; Linda Jacobs d Al Leonard will be National adowment for the Humanities llows; Theodore Banning will Albright Fellow.

#### ACOR's building

"Together David McCreery d I can carry through ACOR's umme. I will become a trustee of OR and one of my jobs will be [ ] [ ] ] | see through the building proimme, which I would like to do.

1111111 in 1977 ACOR was evicted
m its building an evicted IR' Ju a court decision, which was m its building on Third Circle y painful. We are still under ce-year leases - at any time the it can go up and at any time we ght have to leave. It's not a secbasis for planning the longge future of the centre.

'Also, we've had no endment money. Every year we and exactly as much money as get. I've been trying to raise ney for the building, which I imate at roughly \$1,000,000, i another \$1,000,000 for an iowment.

. During the last year I've been he States on and off for funding. I've approached more n 300 people personally in intiews. A lot many have already iged, others are waiting to see. if far we get during our first r. Today we have about 0,000 in pledges and major lications for another million. I extremely optimistic we will two major ones, which will put ver the hill. We hope to start,

The most important thing is a e of land, which we want to be er in Jabal Amman near the artment of Antiquities, or the university. His Royal mess Crown Prince Hassan rovide us with two dunums of

truction next spring.

Broadening scope

The growth of ACOR is a min-





...and in the field (explaining archaeological features on a field trip to the southern desert)

iature of what's going on in archaeology generally throughout the country. When we started there were no other foreign institutes. At the moment there are a British institute, two German ones, a French institute - and the Spanish are planning to open one

The Department of Antignities, the University of Jordan and Yarmouk University are all growing. In many respects it is due to the excellent leadership of Dr. Adnan Hadidi, the director of the Department of Antiquities, and strong support from the Crown Prince and people at all levels of the government - in addition, obviously, to Jordan's excellent archaeological heritage to start with. We're happy to be a part of this growth.

We're growing out in concentric circles with our focal point always remaining East Bank Jor-

"We also have as a goal to become a regional centre, serving other Arab countries. For that reason I've been travelling a lot to Syria where we've also been doing several projects; also to Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar, Yemen, Beirut, Cairo -- all of these I've been visiting on a regular basis for the past several years.

"This summer we're having some Saudi students come up for training on Burt de Vries' work at Umm Al Jamal - that'll be the first time we've had that. We're channelling lecturers down to Bahrain and Saudi Arabia from our headquarters staff. There has

to be more communication, aod everyone's in favour of that.

"We represent about 150 universities, colleges, seminaries and museums in the United States, in Canada and a few in Australia. We're anxious to have (ASOR) members participate here and also to have Jordanians and other people from the area travel to the U.S. to get exposure to these universities and museums. Mo'awiyeh Ibrahim (of Yarmouk University) made a lecture tour in the U.S., visiting about 35 colleges and universities. Next year Nabil Khairy, from the University of Jordan, will make a lecture tour to as many universities as he would like to go to.

'We haven't had anyone in the U.S. to push opportunities for Arab archaeologists to study there. That's one of the things I hope to strengthen by being in the U.S. I'll try to get money to open positions for training of students from here.

#### Early career

"I got into archaeology through a combination of influences -- partly hereditary, partly environmental. My mother's side of the family is old British blood, largely secular folk. Her father was a lawyer, and used a rational deductive method for analysing and solving problems. He wrote a book on the origins of the universe and the human race. My father's side is German, the extremely religious side -- they were all Lutheran ministers.

#### modern Arabic, My younger brother and I, we were at an awkward age to leave, so they brought us We lived in East Jerusalem and took correspondence courses, so we had free time. I went to sites and collected potsherds. One of my father's former students was

My father got his PhD in classical Arabic and he wanted to

spend the year 1960 learning

Paul Lapp, who was director of the institute in Jerusalem. I learned a lot from him, and he noticed I was interested and prodded me on. "After that I came back to work

on two excavations, one with Paul Lapp at Araq Al Amir and one with Hank Franken at Deir Alla, my first two campaigns. I paid my own way out and oo the dig. In 1963 it cost me \$1,400, big dollars. I borrowed \$1,000 from a rich uncle, which I paid back by working and saving money. I did the same thing again and later was able to get some scholarships. I returned in 1965, 1966 and 1968.

"In 1968 I started a PhD proramme in archaeology with (the late) G. Ernest Wright at Harvard. His library is the nucleus of the ACOR library. I moved out to the Middle East in 1970, worked on excavations and wrote my PhD thesis. I met my wife here. As soon as I had the degree I became ACOR's acting director, then director in 1974.

#### Bible and archaeology

"My father had a strong Biblical influence on me, which was a good thing. It's also something which it's necessary gradually to put into the proper perspective. I am not among those who look at Middle Eastern archaeology only through the Bible, nor among those throw it out completely because of the problems it creates. You have to ask of it the same questions you ask of any other historical source, about the accuracy and viewpoint of each part of it.

It should be recognised that the Bible really only relates to the Iron Age. The archaeology of the Middle East is much bigger. The Bible is a small part, but without it we would know nothing, for example of the Ammooites, Moabites, Edomites.

"The general public in the U.S. relates to the Middle East largest through the Bible, or through modern politics. People who are extremely sophisticated in their own fields -- medicine, eng-ineering or whatever -- will still have simplistic, naive notions of archaeology and the Bible. One of the jobs we have is to educate

#### Professorship

"The time arrangement at the University of Pennsylvania is attractive. I am considered to be employed for nine mooths out of the year -- the summers are completely free. During the oine months, which is two academic semesters, I am required to teach only two courses, which can be in the same semeter, as long as I'm doing productive research and not lying on a beach or skiing. They want their professors of archaeology to maintain strong contact with the area of the world where they have their specialisation, so I can come back here while still employed by the university

"I'm looking forward to the opportunities for research and writing it will give me. It takes time to put finishing touches on books and articles. I have many, many things to write. Several projects are almost finished.

One is an introduction to the archaeology of Jordan, which I presented to the Oxford conference (on the history and archaeology of Jordan) a year ago. I would like to add a bibliography. some drawings and some of my colour slides. It won't take long to complete.

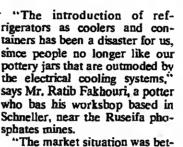
"I have been working on a map of archaeological sites -- not highly technical, but useful for people who are new to the country. It shows 150 of the most common sites that people want to see, and existing roads. One of the problems is that there's nothing to tell you, once you get to the spot on the map, which hill is the site. I may augment, it with a small book giving explicit directions for reaching the sites."

# potters still undaunted

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the 15th in a series of articles about handicrafts in Jordan.

> Text and photos by Mohammad Ayish Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — When Jordan began to import sophisticated technology and consuming foreign commodities, many people thought it was the start of a blessed era. But while that may be true for some people, for others it is far from it. Among the "technologystricken" groups in the country are those working in handicrafts, especially potters.



ter some years ago, as the society was still not deeply involved in the use of cooling technology," Mr. Fakhouri told the Jordan Times. He added that some 10 years ago, he used to sell all his drinkingwater jars by the beginning of summer. But this year, the market has been very slow.

That development has meant that the clientele of Mr. Fakhouri's workshop is now restricted to rural people who "oeed such items and have got used to them," according to the young potter. To some extent, city dwellers are also among the customers, but all their purchases are vases," be lamented.

But while the market for some kinds of pottery in Jordan looks grim, Mr. Fakhouri said that he still enjoys his work and will oot be daunted by the "technological frustrations" that have appeared rec-"I learned the craft when I was

just 10 years old, helping my uncle out." he said. He opened his own workshop after he became "a master of the craft" - as he was called by a co-worker. The craft was passed on in the family by Mr. Fakbouri's grandfather, who learned it from his own father.

The clay Mr. Fakhouri uses comes from Suweileh, and is bought by the tonne. The potter said that the clay comes in two colours: red, known as samaga and white, which is called Allaleh.

Before the clay can be used to make pottery, it has to be processed by being mixed with sand, water and salt. "Salt and sand make the products less fragile," Mr. Fakhouri said. The mixture is then compacted by being fed into a motorised pressing machine. Then it is ready to be worked.

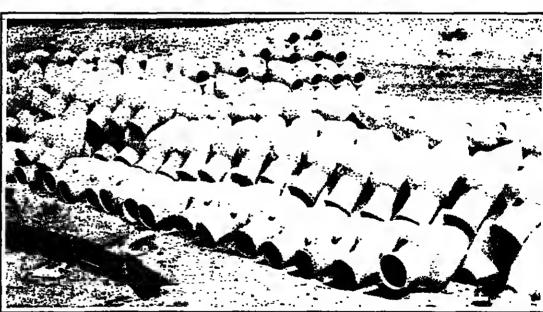
"We make all kinds of pottery items." Mr. Fakhouri said, "such as large jars, pitchers, vases, drums and small jugs, as well as clay chandeliers." But to meet the demand for drinking-water jars he concentrates on them.

After the clay is prepared, the production process goes through two phases: first the pot is thrown on the wheel, and theo fired. After each piece takes shape on the



Potter Ratib Fakhouri proudly displays his work

Mary Character St. Committee of the Comm



The pottery shopper has plenty of example to choose from.

wheel, its outside surface is burnished - that is, scraped by the potter to give it a polished look. The kiln, although it does not look terribly impressive from the outside, can reach a temperature of 900 degrees inside. But "that kiln could mean the end of our business here," Mr. Fakhouri said, since we have been asked by the government to decrease the amount of smoke as much as possible. "They say it contributes to pollution in the area," he said: but remarked that the area he works in with other potters is mainly industrial; and the effect of the smoke on the environment is not rem-

Besides his problems with the government demands concerning his smoking kiln, Mr. Fakhouri said that he has other troubles. "We need moral and financial encouragement," he said, "since you know I live in the workshop

with my family, near that filthy hole." He pointed to a ghetto-like house attached to the workshop.

The isolated nature of his business has prevented him from being very well known. "How can customers and tourists knowabout pottery works as long as those works are not located in a place accessible to all the people?" he asked.

The pots produced at Mr. Fakhouri's workshop and the others in the area are shipped to Amman or Zarqa. "We sell a big jar for JD 1.50, small jars for 25 piasters and vases for 30 plasters each," said Mr. Saved Ahmad Al Masri, who sells pots from the Schneller workshops. The market bas suffered a great setback because of the increasing use of refrigerators, he

Vases, in particular, are a seasonal item, being mostly sold in summertime. "People don't tend to pot flowers in the winter, and that affects our vase purchases," he said. He added that the same thing applies to water jars, which are not widely used in wintertime.

Like most potters, Mr. Fakhouri said that he had never heared about the Jordan Handicrafts Development Centre Company or the Industrial Development Bank. -"How can I know about such things as long as I and other potters continue to work in this isolated place where the only things I see are passersby and a few cars?" He exclaimed.

"The government should provide us with a more convenient working place as well as moral encouragement," he asserted.



Mr. Fakhouri's kiln could put him out of husiness because of smoke emission.

NOHAMMAD AMAD

RAMI G. THOURI

#### Political drama

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Times is published daily excep

PRESS FOUNDATION

Jordan Time

JUMA'A HAMMAD.

RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAM

ONE OF THE fundamental principles of drama and acting is the "willing suspension of disbelief" on the part of an audience. This allows the person watching a. play or film to accept, in the dramatic context, action that would otherwise be totally unbelievable. It is absolutely crucial for the audience to engage in the willing suspension of disbelief - otherwise, the drama turns into an implausible farce, and the original aim of putting on a meaningful performance is totally des-

The willing suspension of disbelief is a principle that Ronald Reagan has lived by for most of his adult life, most importantly during his politically formative years in the cinema industry. It was the essential element of his success that his audience should turn off its rationality during the 90 minutes or so that it watched him perform on the screen.

It is worrying for us today to see Mr. Reagan continue performing his job -- president of the United States -- on the same assumption that was so crucial for his dramatic career. The incredible, insulting attitude he has sbown to the entire Arab Nation during the past month could only be rationalised on the assumption that the entire Arab World were engaging in a willing suspension of disbelief. With the Philip Habib mission and the muted American reaction to the Israeli attack against the nuclear reactor in Iraq, Mr. Reagan bas quickly prompted many of us in the Arab World to conclude that be is our enemy, not our friend. The truely alarming factor, however, is that this is for real. This is not a movie we are all participating in. This is criminality on a national scale, and it will eventually provoke an Arab reaction of equal magnitude.

#### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'L: Menachem Begin claimed before the Knesset the existence of a U.S. document on the military purposes of the Iraqi nuclear reactor which Israel attacked. He also said that the so-called Syrian missile crisis in Lebanon has been provoked as a smokescreen for the issue of the Iraqi nuclear reactor. Begin's statements point to the fact that Wasbington is responsible for the attack against the Iraqi nuclear installations, not only by supplying Israel with arms, but by providing it with provocative documents and intelligence.

His statements also indicate the Philip Habib's Middle East mission was part of a farce in which Washington was participating alongside Israel to provoke a crisis which would cover up for and facilitate the Israeli attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor.

It must not be assumed from Begin's statements that the attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor has satisfied bis aggressive designs. Such designs will continue, because they are an intrinsic property of the Zionist entity and its ruling clique. We must not rule out the possibility that Begin's statements before the Knesset may be a smokescreen for yet another act of aggression.

Whatever the case may be, Habib's mission is fraudulent and suspect and should serve as a warning to the Arabs, especially since Reagan described Habib's presence in the area as a guarantee against the explosion of the so-called missile crisis. This description, coupled with Habib's shuttle mission concerning an artificially provoked crisis, should be regarded as soporific doses, the purpose of which may be to pave the way for a new attack.

Washington's antagonistic practices toward the Arab World are clear to everyone. One wonders behind what brazen-faced shamelessness and false logic the U.S. envoy hides as he communicates with those he meets in the light of Begin's statements concerning the artificial provocation of the problem which Habib was sent to resolve.

AL DUSTOUR: The Arabs know full well that the Israeli attack on the Iraqi nuclear installations are the beginning of a new phase in the comprehensive strategy laid out by the enemy a long time ago. The enemy is implementing this strategy in stages, depending on military strength and the weakness and disunity of the Arabs.

According to the logic behind this Zionist strategy, the Israeli attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor is the beginning of a new stage of expansion in the Arab Homeland, now that Israel considers the Arab lands occupied in 1967 as Israeli land, and at a time when it has begun to huild a canal linking the Dead Sea and the Mediterranean - a project which forms yet another aspect of Zionist expansionism.

In the light of these facts and of the international changes caused by Zionist influence over the new Freech and U.S. leaderships, it bas become incumbent on the Arabs to reconsider all their stands in order to formulate a suitable position to contend with all possibilities.

The positive indications of Arah cooperation and solidarity, which appeared on the Arah arena following the Israeli attack on Iraq have paved the way for convening an Arah summit as soon as possible to take the appropriate measures for confronting, not only the Zionist threat, but also the U.S. threat, which is now endangering the peace and security of the Arab Nation.



# An Islamic community grows in New Mexico

ALBUQUERQUE, New Mexico - An Islamic community in this southwestern state where Roman Catholicism bas been the predominant religion for four centuries seems at first an improbable idea. Yet, barely two years after the idea was conceived, it is becoming a reality with the completion of a mosque, the first of many buildings for an international community of Muslims who are expected to live and work near a small village in northern New Mexico.

The Dar Al Islam community, which dedicated its mosque in a June 15 ceremooy and laid the cornerstone for the school which will eventually serve 120 children of Muslim families, hopes to demonstrate that Islam can lit in with modern America. Early on, community leaders expressed their desire to be regarded as friendly neighbours who would not impose their religious beliefs on others. "In Islam, you are not allowed to force your way of life on anybody else," said Ra'uf Walter Dedlerck, secretary of Dar Al Islam, in a newspaper interview when the project was announced. "We want to get along with our neighbours. We are interested in cooperating with everybody that wants to cooperate with us."

Dar Al Islam began wheo Ahdullah Noor Al Din Durkee, an American convert to Islam, and Sahl Qabhani, a Saudi Arabian husinessman, met in Mecca. Mr. Durkee, who became president of Dar Al Islam, had already founded a ceotre for religious study in New Mexico. Mr. Qabbani, a graduate of an American university, wanted to establish an Islamic ceotre as a demonstration of his gratitude to this country. They were able to raise enough money to begin searching for a sui-

table site, finally settling oo the Ahiquiu Valley. They purchased 1,000 acres of land from Abiquin rancher Alva Simpson for \$1.3 million, making initial payments for the land with contributions from Muslims, many of them anonymous, who were obeying the requirement to cootribute a portion of their income to charity.

Plans for the community estimate that the complex of more than 100 huildings to be constructed over 10 years will eventually cost about \$5 mil-

The mosque was begun one year ago and completed just in time for the dedication. "I'm flabbergasted seeing it go from idea to manifestation two years from wheo we were thinking about it in Mecca," Nuurah Durkee, wife of the community's president, said.

The dedication ceremooy, attended by Muslims from Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Syria, Iraq, Morocco and from several parts of the United States, included an introduction to the basic tenants of Islam

and Islamic education for non-Muslim guests. Mr. Qabhani signalled the ecumenical mood of the afternoon with his opening remark. "It must be one God who created all of us and it is to this God that we're all indebted.

"In this country, freedom of mind and thought is beautifully illustrated," he continued. This centre is for those dedicated to searching for the truth. I hope the dialogue will cootinue in this little community, and that we can cooperate in this

The ceremooy was preceded and followed by prayers of the faithful in the mosque which sits atop a serene plateau overlooking the village of Abiquiu. The plateau is flanked by white sandstone cliffs nearby and by the Sangre de Cristo. mountains in the distance. It overlooks the only greenery in an otherwise nearly barreo landscape, the vegetation along the Chama River where 400

arable acres of the community's land is located. The mosque is small, just 14 metres square, but it's five domes and two barrel vaults contribute a sense of spaciousness, while light from the arched window plays harmoniously on the interior surfaces. If the community grows as planned, the present mosque will be reserved for the use of the school which will surround it. The plans for the school call for 40 domes, 24 vaults and five courtyards, and it is expected to be in use by the fall of

Designed by Egyptian architect Hassan Fathi, the mosque combines huilding materials traditional to northern New Mexico with an unfamiliar technique. Soft-spoken and unassuming at the age of 83, Mr. Fathi explained over and over to the curious how his plans and their execution fit into the natural scheme of things.

"Using what we have oo the earth for huilding is suggested by nature itself," he said. "This technique of huilding with adobe... bas been known

from ancient times." He used sun-dried mud bricks (adobe) in several different sizes to form vaults and domes which need no columns for support. In sharp contrast, flat roofs have covered adobe huildings in New Mexico since pre-historic times.

"With this technique, you can use the same form for roofs as for the walls," Mr. Fathi said. "Roofing built with vaults and domes to cover a room three metres by four metres will take a day and a half for two masons and you can live in it the next day. We solved the problem of the heavy roof using the centric force of the adobe bricks." He noted that huildings constructed io this manner have stood for more than a thousand years in some parts of the world and that this technique requires less material than methods that depend oo bamboo or chicken wire for reinforcement. "The United States has been helping the Third World," he said. "Now it's our turn."

Mr. Fathi's interest range from architectural concerns such as designing low-cost shelter to problems of town planning, food-raising and water conservation, "We must subject technology to the ecocomy of the poor," is a seotence he repeats ofteo.

Some of his ideas which were demonstrated in. the Gourna rural housing project in Egypt and described in his book, Architecture for the poor, will be incorporated and designed for the Dar Al Islam community. "People here are in a desert," he commented, "they need gardens that use waste

Mr. Fathi brought two master masons from Egypt here last summer to train local workers, who, after 15 days instruction completed the mosque. They needed no additional special training once the basic technique was understood, Mr. Fathi said. "Every brick made oo another brick increased the oumber of craftsmeo that mastered the technique," he said.

· According to Alva Simpson, the Dar Al Islam community employed local electricians, plumbers and workers to lay the adobes, a factor contributing to the acceptance of the community by local residents. "The mosque was welcome because it offered jobs to labourers and to technicians and brought money into the community." Mr.

Another Ahiquiu resident, Father Milan Garcia, rector of the town's St. Thomas Catholic church, sees other factors contributing to local opinion about the Islamic community. "My point of view is that they are bringing in a lot of family tradition, uoity and respect for human ins-

Father Garcia, who was born in Spain, pointed to the enormous influence Islam has on his native country and predicted that Dar Al Islam and the Catholic Church would have "a wonderful relationshin." We have enough beautiful traditions in com-

moo to co-exist," he continued, citiog a portion of the Koran that hoodurs Mary as the mother of an important prophet, Jesus. "This is a good thing for northern New Mexico. Family values are important regardless of where they come from."

"It will take years for the people here to learn about Islam," he cautions, "hut the Muslims are realistic. We are two different worlds, and each will teach the other."

# SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

# Industry enhancement and technology transfer

By Dr. Awn Ri

THE EVOLUTION of many industrial societies has had its impact on the way of life in the so-called developing countries. Industrial nations have successfully utilised human resources and raw materials to improve their standard of living. They also had to deal with developing countries for a variety of reasons amongst which are the importation of raw materials and the marketing of their products.

These dealings bave led ome people to shift their intrest from the traditional agricultural, or simple, way of life into one which permits them to cope with the events and structure of today's world. In the developing countries, the exchange of trade with the industrial societies has led to the initiation of smaall-scale light industries. However, as almost all walks of life are relying on industry, and as the industry is becoming more and more dependent on technology, technology has prevailed as a dominant factor influencing

The accelerating advances in technology and the experience acquired by industrial nations have created a gap between them and the developing nat-ions, that have lagged far behind due to the monopoly of the former. One of the means of bridging this gap is to initiate a transfer of technology activity.

In Jordan, the establishment of industrial facilities is neither the only, nor the first, step towards technology transfer. Similarly, the transfer of technology is never the sole criterion for industry enhancement. Both of these activities have to complement each other in a harmonious manner. In any case, there has been no more suitable, and probably necessitating cir-cumstances to establish industrial facilities than at the present time.

The material resources in Jordan are limited, and wha-

tever agricultural, industrial, trade, or tourism enterprises there exist are by no means sufficient to support the country's long-term structure or plans. This leaves the human resources to be the major factor and asset dictating the country's future. The validity and the effect of the human resources can be felt in the accomplishments of the various sectors within a relatively shart period.

The economy of the country bas heen shaped by the human power and not by the wealth of the material resources. Any industrial venture will make more use of this human element, and will transform it into a national economical asset in its own right. The availability of the

human wealth appears clearly in the numbers of Jordanian university and polytechnic graduates and skilled labourers. Graduates from the country's two universities, the polytechnic, and the large number of vocational training centres are already flooding the market, not to mention the Jordanians who go abroad for their training. The inadequacy of com-

mensurate jobs for such qualified workers forced many to leave the country after better pay or more interesting opportunities. The rather odd problem of having too many graduates cannot be simply resolved hy offering them even higher-level training inside the country or abroad, for this will merely delay the brunt of the problem for some time. A radical solution is required by which most of these trained people can be absorbed in industrial establishments or in the various opportunities that will accompany them.

There are many reasons why Jordan should be a convenient venue for ao industrial activity. Its geographical location in the heart of the Middle East, its trade routes, its airports and its

scaport provide a very transportation network connections with other ntries is and out of the o The political stability an social structure secure trouble-free trade of raw erials and products and attractive working condi-The qualified staff, engitechnicians and skilled i can be drawn from the lo,. the regional population. ther factor is the relative ndance of capital resi which, at present, are inoutside the country or i

ppropriate ventures.

The enhancement uf ustry represents the n link which is essential in to combine other effort harness them into ful some needs and renlong-term benefits to community. The key t prosperity is the efficien far-sighted planning am . loitation of the human t This power will then ma of the unique circums and material facilities t nsform the society fro service-providing phase productive phase. Con with the transfer of techi and expertise, the econt enter an escaluting cycle hnological and industria

ertakings whose reperct

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will be felt across the community. An industrial enterpri assist in prospering the nomy, attract investor c acquire financial resc ereate more jobs and i products and services. also give more incentiobjectivity to the cduc systems, develop tec expertise, foster initiati creativity, minimise the drain and contribute to the technology transfer, will reflect positively or sectors, Industrial ventu improve the standard o of the community and m

#### Search for a president

with some difficult choices.

endly government.

elite in Dacca is that increasingly

A fragile peace has returned to Bangladesh after the assassination of President Ziaur Rahman. But Kevin Rafferty, recently in Dacca, reports that the struggle for power threatens to bring chaos again to one of the world's poorest countries.

Democratic processes have begun in Bangladesb for the election of a new president. The top army commanders are trying hard to repair the damage in their own strife-torn ranks in case the army feels the need to step in again to prevent the poverty-stricken country from toppling into chaos.

On the streets of the capital, Dacca, life seems have returned to normal after the assassination of President Ziaur Rahman. Shops are open. Business has resumed. The dead president was huried after a hero's funeral. His assassins have themselves been killed

There are no tanks or armoured vehicles on the streets, and most of the soldiers to be seen are without guns. All seems calm. But it is anuneasy peace and underneath it there are signs of ambition and instability which could tear apart the fragile gains made during the five years of relative peace under Zia's rule.

Zia beld the country together and tried to drive it forward. Gross national product, for what that is worth as an indicator of progress in a 90 per ceot rural country with per-capita income below \$100 and where 50 per cent of the people are landless, went up by 4 per cent a year.

Plans were laid for achieving self-sufficiency in food by the middle of the decade and for a workable hirth control programme, so that extra mouths would not gobble up the little extra produced each year.

Actual progress never matched the rich promises because Zia never smashed through the oliearchy of landed and other vested interests.

In fact, he came to depend on them. It is these groups who are now threatening to fight over the miserable pittaoce that Bangladesh offers.

It is tempting to ask wby that matters. After all, Bangladesh, in spite of ranking eighth in terms of population with 95 million people, is hardly a force on the int-

women are normally and kept in the home, it remarkable to see a work gladesh is 90 per cent Mi is deeply religious if no is deeply religious in atical as some other Isla emational map. It matters for two reasons, First,

Mrs. Wazed, or Sheikl Bangladesh lies at the end of the as she is known by her ... development dream, the idea that League supporters, was: by pumping in aid and setting up by India until she return development projects poor couexile a matter of weeks be the ntries can he made--if not was killed. prosperous-at least less poor. Begum Kbalida Rahmita Bangladesh after having billions

stepped into the public of dollars pumped in is still desto accompany her husbar perately poor. Its balance of paylast year or so-in the ca: neots is still propped up by \$1.5 illion of aid each year and the eed will soon rise to \$2 hillion.

Second, Bangladesh matters ecause the country is almost surmeots is still propped up by \$1.5 billion of aid each year and the need will soon rise to \$2 hillion. because the country is almost surrounded by India. Upheaval in as some other Third Worl Bangladesh presents Mrs. Indira have.

Gandhi, India's prime minister, Without a major figure: to see the ruling Banglade ionalist Party breaking It would be difficult to stop chaos in Bangladesh from spilling chaos in Bangladesh from spilling over into India. Mrs. Gandhi, anxious to stop instability from sprneeds: Mrs. Wazed's was eading, might be tempted to step in or to fight a proxy struggle thrfather of the nation ough one of the contenders for together.

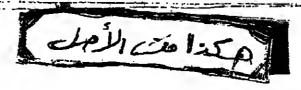
power to ensure stability and a fri-If any candidate can and grasp the official power, including radio. That could backfire because of the ambiguous views in Bantelevision, he or she

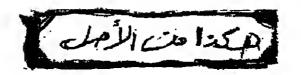
for India's role in helping to tear the country away from Pakistan: This is where the arms bostility heeause of Hindu- tice Abdus Sattat, praise Muslim rivalry and resentment unqualified support towards some of India's "hig bro- operation of all member ther" tactics, seen a week before ormed forces." a clear Zia's death, when IMrs. Gandhi ordered gunboats to seize control of a new silt island in the Bay of Bengal disputed with Bangladesh. Zia's death, when IMrs, Gandhi sidents were done by as A sign of desperation of the icers.

One senior general st two women are being spoken of as possible cootenders for the presidency: Begum Khalida Rahman, the widow of the assassinated president, and Mrs. Hasina Wazed. the daughter of the previous mur-dered president, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman and the country's first leader. Later, the ruling Bangladesh Nationalist Party unanimously selected Mr. Abdus Sattar, the acting presideot as their icer put lt. official candidate for the pre-Financial Times News For

gladesh towards India: gratitude head start.

be hungry for power was moted recently and is to a ted safely out of the count handful of generals left are be more professional and ermined, whatever their ferences in outlook, to rept damage done to the armed But this does not mean the will "sit back and let the iticians make mayhem" ax 9





# Begin's statements over missiles: a smokescreen for Israeli raid

TEL AVIV, June 23 (A.P.) -Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin has reportedly said that his sharp statements on the Lebanese missile crisis served to draw attention away from Israel's plan to

bomb the Iraqi nuclear reactor. Israel Radio reported that Mr. ... Begin made the statement during a closed-door meeting of parliament's foreign affairs and security committee that surveys the foreign policy issues.

Mr. Begin said the sharp statements threatening to bomb the

chief of Israel's spy services has

launched a sharp attack in an Isr-

aeli newspaper after complaining that classified information was

the Iraqi nuclear reactor.

f. leaking out about the bombing of

Writing in the daily Maariv, jou-

rnalist Uri Dan accused the spy

chief of "sticking a knife in the

back of" Prime Minister Men-

achem Begin in order to curry

favor with the opposition Labour

Party, expecting it to win the June.

It was believed the first time that

the Mossad, Israel's intelligence

regarded equivalent of the Central

Intelligence Agency (ICA) bad

been dragged into an election cam-

paign, and it was one more exa-

mple of how the June reactor bom-

bing has become an election issue.

complained about the leaks in an

imprecedented newspaper int-

Last week the Mossad chief

Syrian missile batteries in Lebanon drew attention away from the planned air raid on Iraq, the state radio reported.

The crisis with Syria has been festering since April when Syrian troops besieged Israeli-backed Lebanese Christians, and Israeli jets shot down two Syrian belicopters on April 28. The next day the Syrians moved anti-aircraft missiles across the border into eastern Lebanon, and Begin's threats to bomb the missiles sparked fears of a wider Middle East war.

Intelligence chief accused

Israel's election campaign

pardising Israel's intelligence sou-

rces and closing options for future

activities against Arab nuclear

development. He gave no examples

or names, but the interview was

taken by some as an attack on Mr.

Begin for his startling revelation

that the Israelis' real target was a

secret laboratory beneath the rea-

ctor where Iraq allegedly planned

the Mossad chief for giving an

unauthorised interview. No rea-.

ction could be obtained since the

spymaster's name is banned from

publication and the secrecy-

shrouded Mossad has no spo-

Mr. Dan, who is close to Mr.

Begin and is believed to have good

intelligence sources, charged that

the Mossad chief had been leaking

sensitive information to the opp-

osition ever since it began to look as

Mr. Begin mildly reprimanded

to manufacture nuclear bombs.

TEL AVIV, June 23 (A.P.) - The erview, claiming they were jeo-

Begin mentions document

Mr. Begin has also told the Israeli parliamentary committee that he has a document proving the United States knew of alleged Iraqi plans to build atomic bombs, another Israeli source said today.

The source, a senior Israeli official who insisted on not being identified, said Mr. Begin made the existence of this document known to members of the parliamentary committee at the briefing vesterday.

though the Labour Party might

Mr. Dan charged that the int-

elligence boss wanted to "cleanse

himself" in the eyes of the Labour

leadership which originally gave

him the job before Mr. Begin came.

Labour has attacked the bom-

bing of the reactor, claiming it was

too risky and isolated Israel int-

filtered to the army, which is sup-

posed to be above political riv-

alries. According to reliable sou-

rces, when Mr. Begin visited the

pilots who bombed the reactor, a

long line of cars belonging to the

fliers and bearing Labour Party

stickers was parked at their air-

The gesture was supposed to

express. The pilots' resentment

that their feat was being exploited

as a Likud's achievement.

The debate reportedly has even

win the election.

ernationally.

#### Syrian press warns France

nuclear reactor.

DAMASCUS, June 23 (R)—The official Syrian press today told French President François Mitterrand that close ties with Israel could lead to a break in Arab-French relations.

The source said it was an Ame-

rican document, classified as top

secret. He declined to give any fur-

ther information, but said Mr.

Begin had referred to the doc-

ument two weeks ago in a letter to

President Reagan explaining Isr-

ael's June 7 bombing of the Iraqi

"If the French administration of backing Labour Party in pursues the pro-Israeli policy, the signs of which are now visible, relations between France and the Arabs will deteriorate and may be broken," the Syrian Baath Party newspaper Al Baath said in a commentary.

"The French government must realise that the Arabs will not stand idle when a country supports Israel's expansionist policy."

It said President Mitterrand should not be affected by his friendships with Israeli leaders. The new French president is regarded here as more sympathetic to Israel than his predecessor Mr. Valery Giscard d'Estaing.

Last weekend he rescinded an order instructing French companies to observe Arab boycott regulations.

Got something on your mind?

Let the Jordan Times hear about it!

## Assad assails U.S.

DAMASCUS, June 23 (A.P.) — Syrian President Hafez Assad has sharply attacked the United States for supporting Israel and predicted "the U.S. imperilaist-Zionist plan to impose Zionist superiority" in the Middle East would be defeated.

President Assad was addressing the opening session of a conference of the World Peace Council, convened here to express 'solidarity with Syria and the Palestine revolution.'

President Assad said the U.S. was turning Israel and Egypt into a base to spread "imperialist domination" into the area. "Israel is the tool being used to bring Syria to its knees and destroy Arab steadfastness," Mr. Assad said.

This explains the latest events and sheds a light on Israel's attitude toward Syria and its forces in Lebanon." Mr. Assad said. Adding that the "recent threats and the military buildup are

aimed at causing the explosion of the whole area." With the "recent events and threats" Mr. Assad was referring to the crisis with Israel over stationing Syrian anti-aircraft missiles in Lebanon, and Israel's threats to bomb the missiles if they were not withdrawn by Syria. He added that Israel's ultimate aim was to create a Zionist state extending from the Nile to the Eurohrates. This is the reason for their threats and attacks against Syria and the creation of the so-called missiles crisis," he said.

"I tell you now that the imperialists-Zionists will not succeed in their latest attacks. They will fail as they have failed in the past." he said to the cheers of more than 39 delegates representing leftist groups from 130 countries.

President Assad said he was not underestimating Israel and its power. "I admit it is equipped with the best and latest technology for aggressive purposes. But we have the power of justice and

President Assad praised the Soviet Union for its "call for intemational disarmament and support for the struggling people of

President Assad added that prospects for world peace were "dim in the light of crises created by the imperialists. Let us struggle together for peace, freedom, justice and equality."

## Turks export uranium ... but didn't know it

ANYARA, June 23 (R) - Turkish officials are examining a report that coal containing significant quantities of uranium had unknowingly been exported to Romania, a military spokesman has said. He said the report alleged there was a strong possibility that uranium was present in the coal, mined at Yatagan, near the Aegean

The report was drawn up by the ministry of minerals and natural resources, which sent nuclear physicists to Yatagan to examine the

The newspaper Hurriyet said the scientists found a seam of coal containing uranium. Turkey had exported 1.5 million tonnes of coal to Romania in the past.

The authorities became suspicious when Romania insisted on the low-grade coal when it was offered a higher grade because supplies from Yatagan were interrupted, the paper said.

#### Israel's barbaric -- Brezhnev

DAMASCUS, June 23 (R) — Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev has said Israeli attacks on Lebanon and Iraq and threats against Syria are leading to greater tension and danger in the Middle

In a message to an international conference on solidarity with Syria and the Palesune Liberation Organisation (PLO), which ope-

ned here yesterday. Mr. Brezhnev described Israel's behaviour as barbaric and insolent.

The Soviet president also ren-

ewed his call for an international Middle East peace conference to include the PLO.

The solidarity conference is organised by World Peace Cou-

#### Kennedy: Why blame Israel?

NEW YORK, June 23 (R) -Senator Edward Kennedy accused the Reagan administration last night of conducting an anti-Israel policy following its vote in the U.N. Security Council last week to condemn Israel for bombing an said. Iraqi nuclear reactor.

In a prepared speech accepting the Scopus award from the American Friends of Hebrew University in Israel, Senator Kennedy

said the administration had to abandon its disastrous course of voting to condemn Israel. "No maiter how many months"

or years it may take we will turn this anti-Israel policy around," he

Instead of assailing Israel, he said, the United States should criticise the failure to forestall European suppliers from providing sensitive nuclear material to Iraq.

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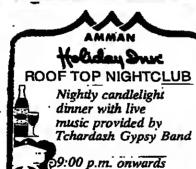
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# Proposed U.S. tax cuts; Can they meet deadline?

WASHINGTON, June 23 (R) pped up its attack on Democrats in the House of Representatives today, accusing them of trying to subvert President Reagan's economic programme with accounting trickery and stalling tac-

Treasury Secretary Donald Regan, Budget Director David Stockman and Vice-President George Bush appeared before a meeting of American stock exchange executives to berate House Democrats, who have attempted to alter the president's package of steep hudget and tax cuts.

President Reagan is calling for a 25 per cent tax cut spread over three years.

and the Democrat-controlled House in particular, failed to enact the president's programme by

August t ast previously agreed.
tf Congress does not meet the
deadline, Mr. Regan said, the president might have to tell it to "stick around in August", when it is scheduled to recess.

Mr. Regan charged that representative Dan Rostenkowski, who presides over the tax-witing House Ways and Means Committee, said Congress might not be able to finish work on the tax bill until the end of September.

"The House ways and means committee seems to be working a three-hour day, three days a week." Mr. Regan said.

'I think maybe they could work Mr. Regan said it would be "a a little harder and give the people disgrace" if Congress in general, what they want... a tax bill by

aid system August 1."
But addressing the same group

later in the day, Mr. Rostenkowski denied he had ever said a tax bill would be that late in coming. "I want to have a tax hill passed before we (Congress) go home in August," Mr. Rostenkowski said.

Budget Director David Stockman accused House Democrats of playing "score-keeping games" and using "creative accounting" to produce budget reductions that

were largely illusory. He said House committees had reneged on \$19 billion in social programme cuts they had previously agreed to and the administration would seek to restore those cuts on the floor of the House with an amendment to the budget bill.

# Poland asks for \$½ billion from EEC

LUXEMBOURG, June 23 (R) --- Poland has asked European Common Market governments for half a billion dollars in urgent financial assistance to help it service its debts and get new. international credits, EEC sources

said today.

European Economic Community (EEC) foreign ministers discussed the Polish requests informally here last night, and EEC sources said Poland would be a major topic at an EEC summit in Luxembourg next Monday and Tuesday.

Dutch Foreign Minister Christoph van der Klaauw told journalists after last night's talks that the Polish requests had all been made to the governments separately but he had urged them to coordinate their response on a community basis. Mr. van der Klaauw is president of the EEC

Council of Ministers until the end of this month, when the responsibility for coordinating EEC for-eign policy moves will be taken over by the British foreign secretary, Lord Carrington.

Dutch diplomatic sources said next week's EEC summit would probably agree on a new aid package for Poland. But they emphasised that the timing had to be handled carefully, ahead of the opening of the Polish Communist Party congress

EEC states want to avoid any action which could be taken as provocation by the Soviet Union, and will reaffirm their opposition to any outside intervention in Polish affairs.

Union to abstain from intervening in Poland, the EEC states plan to launch a new initiative to get

The Polish requests have been made in the last few days and the governments of Britain, France, West Germany and Italy have all been contacted, the sources said.

Soviet troops to withdraw from Afghanistan, occupied since December 1979.

A proposal now under discussion would be for an international conference to discuss ways of restoring and guaranteeing Afghan independence and sovereignty, to be called at the latest by the autumn, diplomatic sources said.

Meanwhile, international banks will try to reach a compromise here tomorrow that would give Poland some relief from its crushing burden of foreign debt, on which repayments are becoming increasingly difficult for Warsaw. A group of 19 banks representing Poland's 460

creditor banks will for a second time seek agreement on extending repayments on commercial loans estimated at \$2.37 billion falling due this year, banking sources said.

With debts of \$15 billion to commercial banks, Poland has been pressing for financial relief as it grapples with one of the deepest economic crises in its history and as Moscow keeps up heavy psychological pressure over the democratic reforms of the past year.

In April Warsaw secured an extra eight-year breathing space on repayments due this year of said the ministers had agreed to some \$2.6 billion of official loans from 15 Wes- take all necessary measures to tern governments.

#### **OPEC** maintains voluntary

QUITO, June 23 (R) — The Org-anisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) has decided to maintain a voluntary system of contributions to its international development fund, Ecuadorcan Finance Minister Cesar Robalino

Mr. Rohalino said a majority decision was taken at yesterday's one-day meeting of OPEC's finance ministers who administer the

The fund, which in theory has approved resources of \$4 billion. was set up in 1976 to channel surplus oil earnings to the impoverished Third World.

Some OPEC members had attempted to change the system of contributions proposing that they be linked to each country's eco-

nomic strength.

But Mr. Rohalino said the initiative had not prospered and each country would donate what it could when it could.

The meeting also failed to reach a decision on covering a \$500 million shortfall in the fund. Mr. Rohalino said. The sum was part of a replenishment of \$1.6 billion agreed to last year but some members including Iran had been unable to fulfil their promised con-tribution because of economic difficulty.

Mr. Robalino said the meeting had agreed to donate up to \$450 million to the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD).

But he said OPEC's grant was dependent on industrialised countries donating \$650 million.

If the industrialised countries did not meet this figure, OPEC's donation would be reduced in proportion, he said.

The conference accepted in principle a proposal by Ecuador to establish regional offices of the Vienna-based fund. A final dicision would be taken at the ministers' next meeting in May 1982 in Vienna, Mr. Robalino said.

#### ... Algerian meeting

Oil ministers of Algeria, Libya, Gabon and Nigeria decided yesterday to maintain the official sale price of their crude oil at a meeting in the Algerian oasis of Hassi Mes-

The Algerian news agency ADS support the price structure.

#### ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

PLO as IMF observer -- Saudis urge

BAHRAIN, June 23 (R) — Saudi Arabia's finance and national economy minister. Mr. Mohammed Ali Abal Khail, today was quoted as urging observer status for the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The minister told the Saudi newspaper Al Jazira that Saudi Arabia, as a permanent member of the fund, would place "all its potential in the world economic body in the service of Islamic and Arab countries." The minister's brief statement in the newspaper was carried by the official Saudi press agency. The PLO has been seeking admission to the annual meeting of the IMF-World Bank for two years but the United States has opposed it. Monetary sources in Washington said last week that the IMF and the World Bank had ducided to keep the PLO out of their Sept. 27 annual meeting in Washington, Saudi Arabia's quota in the IMF was increased from 1.74 per cent to about 3.5 per cent last March, placing the kingdom sixth after the United States, Britain, West Germany. France and Japan in terms of voting power.

#### New university for Saudi Arabia

TOKYO, June 23 (R) — Several Japanese companies are interested in Saudi Arabia's plan to build a multi-billion dollar university near Jeddah, industry sources said today. The sources said the 10-year project will cost at least 1,000 hillion ven (\$4.5 billion) and include a satellite communication system to relay lectures from universities such as Harvard and Oxford, Japan's Mitsui Company was among several Japanese firms expected to hid for contracts in an international tender planned by the Saudi government, they said. The university is expected to include at least 50 huildings ranging from lecture theatres, dormitories, staff houses and libraries, the sources said. They said it will be built as part of Saudi Arabia's third five-year development programme, which started last year.

#### Egypt, Swiss banks make arms deal

ZURICH, June 23 (R) - Foreign banks in Switzerland are putting together a 600 million Swiss franc (\$294 million) credit to enable Egypt to buy an air defence system, banking sources said here today. The system, to be installed on Egypt's border with Libya, would be supplied by Contraves Italiana, an Italian subsidiary of the Swiss arms and civil engineering company Oerlikon-Buehrle. The credit, which would be of a size rarely seen on the Swiss capital market, has not yet been negotiated in all its details since the contract for the purchase has vet to be finalised, the sources said. Arms deliveries from Switzerland to places deemed as military crisis areas have to be submitted for government approval beforehand, but this does not apply if the material is provided by a foreign subsidiary of a Swiss firm. A spokesman for the foreign ministry in Berne said his ministry was aware of the projected credit but had no comment. There was also no comment from Ocrlikon-Buehrle or the Swiss National Bank, to which a capital export of this size would also have to suhmitted for approval.

#### Saccharin allowed for 2 more years

WASHINGTON, June 23 (R) - A senate committee passed legislation yesterday allowing the artificial sweetener saccharin to remain on sale in the U.S. for another two years while sciennists study whether it is a cancer risk to humans. The Labour and Human Resources Committee voted unanimously to extend until a moratorium on the food and drug administration's ban of saccharin. The legislation is expected to be passed by the full Senate and a similar bill is expected to be approved by the House of Representatives. The agency decided in 1977 to ban saccharin largely as a result of a Canadian study which showed that it caused cancer in rats. Under U.S. food additive laws, no known carcinogen may be added to foods. But faced with public opposition and scientific controversy over the tests, Congress extended use of the sweetener. After cyclamate was banned in 1969, saccharin became the only non-caloric sweetener widely available.

# Thatcher criticised as unemployment rise

LONDON, June 23 (R) — Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher came under fierce attack from the Labour opposition today when government statistics showed that unemployment in Britain had risen to new record levels.

The total of unemployed increased in June to 2,680.977, or tt.1 per cent of the work force, according to the department of employment. Seasonally adjusted and excluding jobless school-leavers, the total was 2,552,400 ur 10,6 per cent.

The Labour opposition spokesman on employment, Mr. Eric Varley, said the latest figures were horrendous and shameful" and marked a doubling of unemployment since Mrs. Thatcher and the Conservative Party came to power in 1979.

The dole queues would lengthen still further unless the government changed its catastrophic economic policies, he said.

Labour leader Michael Foot, addressing a Brighton conference of the Transport and General Workers' Union, said the next adily dropping, has dipped Labour government would lift the



Last week Mrs. Thateh she would stick to her inflationary monetarist despite mounting unemplo The annual rate of inflatic

#### **LONDON EXCHANGE** RATES

LONDON June 23(R) — Following are the buying and selling for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the citrading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets t Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below:

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7.3800/20 One ounce of gold 465.50/466.50

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Norwegian crown

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

#### LONDON STOCK MARKI

LONDON, June 23 (R) - Share prices closed mixed af firmer opening during a quiet day's trading, dealers said. At the FT index was down 0.5 at 543.8.

Prices opened slightly higher but soon turned mixed on la follow-through buying, dealers added. Leading industrials mainly a penny or two either side of last night's closing ! though banks were firmer with Lloyds up 20p at 398p and land 10p higher at 338p, dealers noted.

anadian shares were narrowly mixed in quie:

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

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8=30	Comedy
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10:00 10:1	News in English Hawaii 5-0

News in Arabic

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World News; Listening Post 17:25
One in Ten: Book Choice 17:45
Sports Round-up 18:00 World
News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreet 18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Oudook: News Summary 19:39 Stock Market Report; Look Ahead 19:45 Theme and Variations 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Assignment 21:00 Network UK 21:15 Vimbledon Report 21:36 Jazz for

the Asking 22:10 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Choice:

22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00

ancial News 22:40 Reflections

One in Ten 23:30 Top Twenty

#### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features. lisquestions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses, 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, backgrounf features, media comments, analyses.

#### AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS:
Andrew Programme Transport
7:40 Cairo (EA
8:30 Karachi (PIA
8:45 Cain
8:55 Agaba
9:30 Jeddal
9:40 Kuwai
9:45 Dubai, Musca
9:55 Beiru
10:00 Dhahrar
10:05 Abu Dbsb
11:40 Cairo (EA
13:00 Bucharest, Larnac
13.45
13:45
14:09 Jeddah (SV 15:05 Laruaca (CY 15:35 Kuwait (KAC
15-35 Krausis (C.)
16:30 Cair
16:35 Athen
17:00 Bangkol 17:35 Zurich (SR 17:40 Copenhagen, Athen
17:35 Zurich (SR
17:40 Copenhagen, Athen
1/30 Cairt
18:00 London
18:30 Rome, Damascus (IA
19:05 Frankfurt (LH
19:10 Cairo (EA 20:00 Beirut (MEA
20:00 Beirut (MEA
20:55 London (BA
22:05 Kuwait (KAC
23:40 Cairo (EA
;01:00 Baghdag

ARR	IVALS:
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<b>8:30</b>	Karachi (PIA)
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10:05	Abu Dbsbi
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13:00	Bucharest, Larnaca
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15:05	Larnaca (CY)
15:35	Kuwait (KAC)
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17.40	Copenhagen, Athens
17.55	Copennagen, Athens
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18:30	
19:05	Frankfire (1 H)
19:10	
20:00	Cairo (EA)
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22:05	Kuwait (KAC)
23:40	Cairo (EA)
01:00	Baghdad
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01:00

DEPARTURES:
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8:55 Cairo
9:25 Beirut (MEA)
9:30 Frankfurt (PIA)
9:25 Reinst (MEA)
9:30 London (BA) 10:10 Rome (MEA)
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10:30 Rhodes
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11:10 Athens
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(Tarom)
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19:20 Dhahran
19:30 Jeddah
20:00
20:30 Cairo (EA) 20:30 Dubai, Ras Al Khaima
20:30 Dubai, Ras Al Khaima
21:90 Baghdad 21:55 Rawalpindi (BA)
21:55 Rawalpindi (BA)

# ..... Cairo (EA)

EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS: ... Yousif Rashid Yousif Rashid ..... (--)
Abdulaziz Abu Khalaf ..... 22520/ Baha'aldeen Al Khashif ..... (--)

Radwan Al Sa'ad PHARMACIES: Al Salam Um Uthainah .... ...... 813320 23157

#### .. Jeddah (SV) TAXIS. Asfour Khalid Al Shahid

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CULTURAL CENTHES
American Centre 41520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 65195
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 64251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
.University of Jordan Library

#### **SERVICE CLUBS**

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, Lions Amman Chub. Meedings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30

Rotary Clab. Meetings every Thursday at the intercontinental Hotel, 200 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

#### MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years nld. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerush (4th in 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman, Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round, Tel. 23316 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as

truments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jardan Archaeological Moseum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists, Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeb. Opening hours: t0.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m., -

6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays Tel. 30t.28. PRAYER TI

Dhuhr ·Asr .

LOCAL EXC RATES

Saudi rival ...

IMES .	Kuwaiti dinar t184.741 Egyptian pound 398/s
2:49 	Qatari riyal       91.5         UAE dirham       90.9         Omani riyal       960/5         U.S. dollar       334         U.K. sterling       668.5/6         W. German mark       141.2         Swiss franc       162.6/1
HANGE	(for every 100)
	Swedish crown 66.5 Belgium franc

(for every 100)

Iraqi dinar ...... 710/.

#### **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS

Lebanese pound ...... 77.2/78.1

97.5/98

Ambulance (government)	75111
Civil Defence rescue	61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36	381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37	7111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English sp	oken)
24 hours a day for emergency 21111,	37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92295/	92206
Jordan Television	73111
Radio Jordan	74111

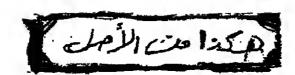
Firstaid, fire, police ... Fire headquarters ..... Cablegram or telegram Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls . Overseas radio and satellite calls ... Telephone maintenance and repair service ......

#### MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 70	40	Grape leaves
Eggplant 1S0	100	Bananas
Potatoes (imported)120	90	Apples (African
Marrow (small)	90	Apples (Americ
Marrow (large)	50	Apples (Americ
Cucumber (small)	200	Apples (Double
Cucumber (large) 160	100	Apples (Starker
Faqqous 100	80	Melous :
Peas 3S0	300	Water Melons .
Okra (Green)	290	Plums (Red)
Okra (Red) 180	120	Plums (Yellow)
Muloukhiyah 90	S0	Apricots
Hnt Green Pepper	300	Cherries
Cabbage 120	90	Lemons
Onions (dry)	70	Oranges (Valen
Garlie t60	100	Oranges (Waxe
Carrots 90	70	Grapeirun
Potatoes (local)140	100	-

ican, Chilean, Red) ...... 4711 can, Chilean, Green) .... 430 t tO 370





### **SPORTS NEWS BRIEFS**

#### Leonard to defend his WBC title

HOUSTON, June 23 (R) - World Boxing Council (WBC) welterweight champion Sugar Ray Leonard wound up his sparring sessions yesterday in preparation for his bid to win the World Boxing Association (WBA) light-middleweight title from Ugandan Ayub Kalule at the Houston Astrodome on Thursday, Leonard's manager-tramer Angelo Dundee said the fighter, who has boxed aboot 90 rounds in training, will now concentrate oo road work and shadow-boxing. Kalule, 27, who lives in Denmark, is umbeaten in 36 professional fights and has impressed ring observers here with his aggressive style and punching prowess, especially his crisp right jab and hook. "I'm well prepared, and I know I am a lot stronger than Leooard," Kalule said. Leonard, beaten just once in his 29-fight career is a hot favourite but promoter Boh Arum predicted the fight would go 15 rounds. "Most people in this country have oever heard of Kalule, but I think he can win," Arum said, "I guarantee that at the end of 15 roundseveryone is going to be waiting eagerly to hear the decision because it is going to be very close." WBA welterweight champion Thomas Hearns of Detroit also completed sparring in preparation for his 15-round title defence against Pablo Baez of the Dominican Republic on the same card. The unbeaten Hearns is not expected to have much trouble with Baez, a journeyman with a 14-8-2 record. Baez has lost two of his last six fights, and was not ranked in the top 10 until he was rated the number nine contender after signing to meet Hearns, winner of 31 fights, 29 hy knockout.

#### Fields is back in custody

£ .....

LOS ANGELES, June 23 (A.P.) — Former boxing promoter Ross Fields also known as Harold Smith, is back in custody after a judge changed his mind and revoked the \$10,000 bail set two weeks ago. Fields, who is a central figure in the \$21.3 million Fargo Bank embezziement lawsuit; was remanded into custody yesterday on charges stemming from a 1975 cheque forgery case in North Carolina. Fields was released on bail on June 10 by superior court judge Julius Leetham ostensibly to clear op his cheque forgery case in North Carolina. Leetham appeared in the courtroom of municipal court judge J. McKay, where Fields was fighting extradition, to announce he had revoked bail. He accused Fields of breaking "faith with me" by failing to return to North Carolina. The defence blamed schedule difficulties for the problem. Fields, who under the alias of Harold Smith headed Muhammad Ali Professional Sports Inc., was to have been extradited to North Carolina yesterday, said deputy district attorney Alex Kahanowicz, However, Fields was ordered to be available from July 7 to 31 to testify in court.

#### 3 centuries in 4 innings for Abbas

LONDON, June 23 (R) - Pakistan test cricketer Zaheer Ahbas cracked his third century in four innings as Gloucestershire hammered English County Championship opponents Hampshire yesterday. Zaheer, top of the first class batting averages, hit three sixes and nine fours in his 196-minute hundred. His last four imings, all unbeaten, read: 215, 150, 16 and now 101, for an aggregate of 849 this sous on Fellow Pakistani Sactic Mohammad o-completed a 233 minutes century and the pair added 137 for the third wicket. Gloucestershire finally declared at 277 for five, 72 behind on first innings New Zealander Richard H sted Lancashire with seven for 25 and enabled championship prospects Nottinghamshire to enforce and improbably follow on. Lancashire, at 179 for seven, needed a single to avoid batting again but all-rounder Hadlee took the new ball and dismissed the last three batsmen in 12 deliveries without a run added. Lancashire reached 74 for one in their second innings, and need 76 more to avoid an innings defeat. Essex also had to follow on after title-chasing Sussex skittled them out for 169 on a turning pitch. Batting again, 267 behind, Essex stumbled to 113 for five.

#### Soviets angry with Olafsson

MOSCOW, June 23 (R) — The Soviet Chess Federatioo yesterday rebuked the president of the International Chess Federation (FIDE), Fridrik Olafsson, for postponing this year's World Championship final between Anatoly Karpov and Viktor Korchnoi. Mr. Olafsson postponed the match oo June 13 after trying unsuccessfully to help Korchnoi, a former Soviet chess star who defected in 1976, to get his wife and son out of the Soviet Union. Mr. Olafsson said he was trying to ensure equal conditions for both players by postponing the title match in the Italian resort of Merano from September 19 to October 19 and giving Moscow until the end of September to answer his request. The Soviet statement said Mr. Olafsson had violated FIDE's rules and exceeded his authority, justifying his postponement by arguments smacking of political overtones. It called for an extraordinary meeting of the FIDE Executive Council to overturn the postponement. Karpov beat Korchnoi by one point in their last controversial world championship meeting in the Philippines in

#### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN. ©1981 by Chicago Tribune

.1-Neither vulnerable, as outh you hold: KQ6 ♥K7 ♦ AQ10854 + A4 he hidding has proceeded: outh West North East

O Pass 1 9 Pass

hat do you bid now?

2-Both vulnerable, as outh you hold: AQ10653 ♥4 ◊ AJ52 + AK he bidding has proceeded: ast South West North 0 4 + Pass 6 4

155 ? hat action do you take?

3-Both vulnerable, as mth you hold: J1064 ♥4 ♦ A1632 49863 ne bidding has proceeded: net South West North us Pass Pass 2 V 2 NT Pass 3 4

What do you hid now?

Q.4-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: +1683 ♥43 ♦KQ36 +Q1042 The bidding has proceeded: East South West North Pass 1NT 20 4 4 7 . What action do you take? Q.5-East-West vulnerable.

as South you hold: ♦1083 ♥43 ♦KQJ6 **♦Q1043** The bidding has proceeded: East South West North Pass 1NT 2 0 .5 ◊ Pass Pass 5 🕈 What action do you take?

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you hold: +Q42 ♥8 0Q9653 +A1087 The bidding has proceeded: East South West North Page 1 7 Page 1.0 1 NT Pass Pass 2 V

What action do you take?

Pass. ?

Yesterday's

#### Seeds tumble at Wimbledon

WIMBLEDON, June 23 (A.P.) -Chris Evert Lloyd, favourite for the Wimbledon women's singles title, began her hid today by easily defeating Australian left-hander Chris O'Neil 6-3, 6-0.

Lloyd played from the baseline and treated the ceotre court crowd to an immaculate display of ground strokes.

Three of her main rivals for the title also won in straight sets. Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia, seeded No. 2, had most trouble. She defeated Corinne Vanier, the 17-year-old French left-hander, 6-3, 7-5 and showed no visible signs of the back injury that has been bothering her in the last 10 days. Because of the injury, Mandlikova earlier withdrew from the womeo's doubles and the mixed

Fourth-seeded Martina Navratilova, who woo here in 1978 and 1979, downed American Joyce Portman 6-4, 6-0.

Andrea Jaeger, the pony-tailed 16-year-old prodigy from the U.S. cruised past Nerida Gregory of Australia 6-1, 6-1. Jaeger is seeded fifth. It was another hot, sunny day

and thousands swarmed around the grounds of the All-England Club. The second day of the toumament is traditionally ladies' day, but 17 first-round men's singles matches had been left uncompleted from yesterday and had to be fitted into the schedule.;,

O'Neil, a tall, willowy player; showed more aggressive tactics than Lloyd. But it did her little good. She went eagerly to the net looking for volleys, but the American, playing from the baseline,

passed her repeatedly.

Mandlikova appeared heading for a quick victory. But the French girl fought hack to knot the secood set at 5-5. Serving from the advantage court, Vanier played Mandlikova's backhand and the winner of the Australian and French Open titles, had problems.

Then Mandlikova put on the pressure and finished off the match with a superb backhand service return down the line.

Three seeds were beaten during a surprising first day of upsets at the Wimhledon yesterday.

Ivan Leodl of Czechoslovakia, the fastest-rising player in the world over the past year and seeded fourth here, was the higgest name to fall. He went down 4-6, 6-3, 6-4, 1-6, 6-3 to Australian Charlie Fancutt, a qualifier who is ranked only 194th in the world.

Ninth-seeded Victor Pecci of Paraguay crashed 7-6, 6-0, 6-0 in a woeful display against American Bill Scanlon, while another American outsider, Eric Fromm. eliminated oumber 13 seed Yannick Noah of France 6-4, 6-4, 6-3.

Two hig servers who came through were South African Kevin Curren and American Victor Amaya. These two could clash in the third round for a match against Borg, though Curren will have to beat American 16th seed Vitas Gerulaitis first.

Third-seeded American Jimmy Connors easily beat his compatriot Dick Stockton; 6-1, 6-2, 6-4. The sixth, seventh and eighth seeds, Americans Brian Teacher, Brian Gottfried and Roscoe Tanper, all woo easily.

## Baseball strike expected to last for two months

NEW YORK, June 23 (A.P.) — Cincinnati Reds pitcher Tom Seaver, a negotiator for the major League Players Association, says be expects the 12-day-old baseball strike to last more than two

Federal mediator Keoneth Moffett, who had just helped avoid a oationwide air cootrollers' strike, called yesterday for another negotiating session between the striking players and man-agement's Player Relations Committee, headed by Ray Grebey. But, three hours later, Moffett cancelled the session.

"I just had a change of heart," said Moffett. "I needed more time to think about things. I might do something in the nextday or two."

The players are striking over the owners' implementation of a rule they say limits their ability to

move between teams.

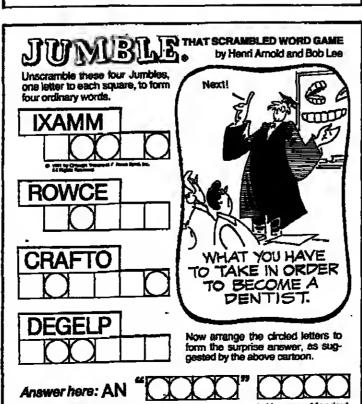
Players can become "free agents" by playing five years with one haseball team and allowing their contract to expire. The owners' new rule requires teams hiring free ageots to give a major league player to the free agent's former team io compensation.

are going on, it only leads to one conclusion: The owners are not trying to hreak the union, hut they're trying to severely weaken it," Seaver said.

'My expectations now are the worst," Seaver said. "It's been awful. Absolutely nothing has been done. There has been no reason for any hope."

Asked if he expected the strike to last longer than two mooths, Seaver said, "at least".





Jumbles: NERVY COLON UNLOCK BYWORD

Don't expect anyona to accompany you when you're this—ON YOUR OWN

# Sweden have to beat Portugal to survive

STOCKHOLM, June 23 (R) - Portugal, already favourites to qualify for the World Soccer Cop finals in Spain next year, will not underestimate Sweden when they clash in a European qualifying group six tie tomorrow.

The Portuguese scored a morale-boosting 2-0 win over Spain on Saturday, but manager Julio Pereira said he had a lot of respect for the Swedes, who beat Northern Ireland 1-0 on June 3." I know too much about Swedish soccer to expect an easy win, and we'll be happy with one point," Pereira said.

Scotland head of group at present with eight points from five games followed by the Irish with six points from the same number

But Portugal are nicely placed just one point behind the Irish

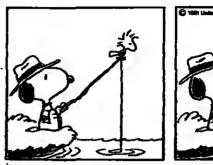
with two games in hand. Sweden, despite that victory over Northern Ireland have just four points from five outings and a defeat tomorrow will end their interest in the tournament.

But coach Lars Amesson is confident the Swedes can shock their powerful visitors. "The Portuguese normally play better in front of their home fans, but playing away is a completely different thing," said Amesson, noting that Portugal lost in Northern Ireland in an earlier game.

Sweden will miss the strength of Hasse Borg in midfield. Borg, who scored the winner against the Northern Irish from a penalty, was later sent off after a scuffle with Terry Cochrane, who was also shown the red card of dismissal.

Portugal, too, will be under-strength as captain Humberto and star striker Jordao, who have scored all their goals in the toumament to date, will be missing from their line-up.

## Peanuts









### Andy Capp







# Mutt 'n' Jeff









18 Set foot

22 One there 24 Aboveboard

26 Overskirts

27 Think-tank

output 28 Georgia 29 Laura La —

30 Gaffe

31 Joins 34 Trevino

38 Gifted

40 Home of

47 Perjures

poteen Four-

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distance

YOU SEEM TO HAVE

#### FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1981

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day when you would be wise to conform to that which has proven to be successful in the past. Don't take any risks at this time and be sure to keep promises you have made.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Make sure you handle current duties before taking on a new project, be it at home or elsewhere. Make plans for the future.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Being with congenials is wise now since others could get you into some kind of trouble. Be more active.

GEM1NI (May 21 to June 21) An associate may be in a bad mood and may want to argue or complain. Avoid this by keeping husy at your own duties.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A good time to contact allies and make plans to have a brighter future. Steer clear of one who is jealous of you.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Try to cut down on unnecessary expenses. Financial experts can be most helpful if you contact them now.

V1RGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Take steps to improve your health and then delve into new interests that can help add to present abundance. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Plan how to make your life

more orderly, in both business and personal realms. Use extreme caution in travel today. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Discuss future aims with

trusted friends. Try to be more thrifty than you have in the past. Express happiness. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Talk with higher-

ups early in the day and get the backing you want. A misstep could prove costly at this time. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Find a better method

under which to operate in the future and get better results. Allies can be helpful now. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Concentrate on your own duties today instead of worrying about others. Exer-

cise care in handling financial affairs. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) There are opportunities for you to get ahead if you prepare for them now. Follow your

hunches which are accurate now. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will . be concerned with big ventures while not being practical. so teach to get feet on the ground. Give the best education. you can afford and life becomes a successful one. Teach to pay more attention to detail.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely np to youl

# THE Daily Crossword by William Newland

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54 Translate

62 Submarine

63 Piccadilly

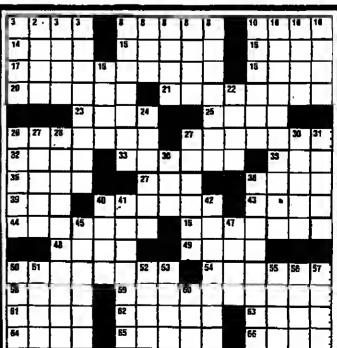
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river 53 French window 55 Display type: abbr. - preceden Courage Town near Windsor 57 Take it easy 60 Crone



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# WORLD

# ANZUS unites against Russia but differs on Middle East

WELLINGTON, June 23 (R) — The United States, Australia and New Zealand stressed the importance of their alliance today in view of what they termed Soviet threats, but expressed differences on some issues at the end of a two-day meeting.

A constant theme of the talks between U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig and foreign ministers Brian Talboys of New Zealand and Tony Street of Australia was that the 30-year-old ANZUS alliance was as relevant now, because of dangers posed by Moscow, as it was when it was formed to guard against a resurgence of Jap-

The closing communique today said that increased international tension following Soviet int-ervention in Afghanistan had enhanced the relevance of the all-

important now than at its inception.

At a closing press conference tuday, he said that throughout bis two-week Far Eastern tour there was a growing consensus"that the greatest threat to peace and stability has been the growing aggression and encroachment of the Soviet Union into the area, both

One of the most notable appeared to be how to persuade Vietham to withdraw its 200,000 tro-

During his foreign tour Mr. Haig has been advocating increased efforts to isolate Vietnam politically and economically if it does not withdraw from Kampuchea. Diplomatic sources said that during the talks Mr. Talboys had expressed concern that putting too much pressure on Vietnam might drive it further into the arms of Moscow.

communique, which contained

none of the tough anti-Viet-

oamese rhetoric used by Mr. Haig earlier on his tour. It called for an early political settlement leading to a neutral, non-aligned Kampuchea, .but made no mention of the Vie-

tnamese troops in the country. Mr. Haig denied that the communique had been diluted in response to Mr. Talboys' concern. and said his acceptance of the mildly-worded communique did not change the U.S. position.

There were also differences over whether Australia and New Zealand should retain air and army units in Singapore and Malavsia indefinitely. Mr. Haig said the presence of the units was important politically but the other two mitment would create problems. Both Australia and New Zea-

land expressed concerns that participation in a proposed U.S.-sponsored Middle East peacekeeping force could damage their trade and diplomatic interests among Arab countries.

Mr. Haig, who virtually ruled out American command of the Sinai force, said Washington was very anxious to have New Zealand and Austrlia participate.

Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser, a staunch U.S. ally, is believed to be eager to help in the Sinai force if Australian concerns can be allayed. But participation by New Zealand is less likely, informed sources said.

If Vietnam was spared from tough rhetoric. Moscow was not. The final communique warned against soviet interference in Poland, condemned the Kremlin's intervention in Afghanistan and urged increased military efforts to meet the Soviet challenge.

## Hundreds reported killed in tribal clashes in Ghana

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast, June 23 (Agencies) — Hundreds of people, including children, have been kulled in fighting at Bimbilla n eastern Ghana, Accra Radio said today.

The radio, monhored in Abidjan, said members of a "rescue regiment' bad been flown from Accra to deal with the situation. The radio did not give any explanation for the reported fighting between the Cocomba and Nanumba tribesmen that live near the border with Tigo in West Africa.

At the end of April, however, similar clashes in the same region were reported to have resulted in several hundred deaths. At the time Radio Acera said the fighting erupted over a question of land

About 600 people were killed in the earlier fighting that took place in the same area, which lies about 3.5 kilometres north of Accra, Ghana's capital, official Togolese sources said last month. Quoting refugee accounts, the sources said about 1,000 people

fled from Bimbilla into nearby Togo. The Togolese sources said the fighting in April and May appeared to have been started by the murder of a Nanumha chief's son by the son of a Kokomba cinef.

## 7 Red Brigades nabbed

TURIN, Italy, June 23 (A.P.) ---Seven members of the Red Brigades were arrested in this northem city as police continued a

doubt oo U.S. ability to verify Sov-

iet compliance with a treaty, and

oo information Moscow provides

Mr. Rostow was speaking yes-

terday to the Senate Foreign Rel-

ations Committee which was dis-

cussing his appointment as dir-

ector of the Arms Control and

Disarmament Agency. Mr. Rostow, 67. a Democrat

who served as under-secretary of

state for political affairs under

Presideot Lyndon Johnson, said

the Reagan administration was

only starting to define its stance on

"As of this moment I don't know anybody in the government who knows what it is we want to

He said his estimate of nine

months until the talks open was a

hope and a target. Events in Afg-

hanistan or Poland could greatly

affect this forecast, Mr. Rostow

a strategic arms treaty.

negotiate about," he said.

about weapons.

reinforced crackdown oo the left-wing urban guerrilla group. authorities reported today.

Policemen also discovered in downtown Turin a terrorist hidecut, in which propaganda literature and several documents listing a number of possible targets

of terrorist attacks were found. Those arrested, including three women were charged with membership in armed bands and illegal possession of arms. Three other alleged Red Brigades members were identified and being sought, police sources reported.

According to police sources those caught were trying to reorganise Red Brigades activities in this Italian auto capital. Some suspected terrorists have turned state's evidence, and the information they have given police has resulted in arrests that have thinned the ranks of the guerrilla group in recent months.

Meanwhile. Red Brigades terrorists claimed the bombing a tanker in the courtvards of Oto Melwva. the large Italian statecontrolled arms manufacturer in the port city of La Spezia.

Authorities reported that an overnight explosion damaged the tank while another time device fai-Leaflets signed by the Red Bri-

gades were found on the scene of

5 Americans declared persona non grata

## **Spaniards** allowed to divorce

MADRID, June 23 (R) - The Spanish Congress, in a vote highlighting divisions within the ruling Centrist Party, reintroduced divorce more than 40 years after it was abolished by the late dictator Francisco Franco.

The law will come into effect next munth, and extra courts will be set up this summer to face an expected flood of 500,000 suits.

The Congress (lower house) vote ended the bill's difficult year-long passage through par-liament, marked by a vehement opposition campaign from the powerful Rnman Catholic

Differences between Christian and Social Democrats within the majority Union of the Democratic Centre (UCD) came to light when some UCD deputies sided with the left-wing opposition to reject a restrictive amendment by 162 votes to 128.

The amendment, empowering magistrates to refuse divorce when they believed it could serjously harm the children or one of the spouses, was opposed by the Social Democrats.

Apart from Ireland, also predominantly Roman Catholic. Spain was the only major European country without a divorce

#### Pope is better

ROME, June 23 (R) — Pope John Paul, suffering from a mild chest infection after last month's assassination attempt, spent a quiet night and continues to improve, hospital sources said today.

They said doctors would carry out more tests to determine the cause of the infection, which brought the 61-year-old pontiff back into hospital on Saturday. The tests would be carried out

in the Pope's room on the 10th floor of the Gemelli Hospital, they Vatican Secretary of State Ago-

stino Casiroli visited the Pope for about half an huur today, Vatican sources said.

During the Pope's illness Cardinal Casiroli has taken charge of Vatican affaus but reports to him regularly, they added.

# **WORLD NEWS BRIEFS**

#### Racial attacks in London increase:

LONDON, June 23 (A.P.) — A Nigerian-born black who stabbed to death by three white youths in South London was victims of a racial killings and the latest in a string of attacks non-whites, police say. "It would be foolish to believe that the was anything other than a racial attack. Detective Chief \$ erintendent Peter Bradbury told reporters. Fenton Isiah Ogbo 25, was slain in a fish restaurant in the Peckham quarter Satur night about an hour after 50th mainly black youngsters rampa through the area. They attacked police, smashed shop wind and looted several stores. Police made 30 arrests. The Ogh killing kept racial tension in London high following last Ag four nights of rioting in the non-white ghetto in the cents London's mixed Brixton district. Supt. Bradbury disclosed in have been other tacial attacks by young whites, including stabbing of another young black who was hospitalised with sev injuries last Thursday, A 50-year-old Pakistant manigrant, A Azim, was stabbed death in the south London distract of V. dsworth three weeks ago. Friends said he had been threak with death by the ultra-rightist National Front, but police deci comment. Meantime, two Asians, one a 40-year-old physi-have been killed in the English Midlands City of Covents recent weeks amid growing racial hostility in the city. Police have reported arson attacks on Asian places of worship in the homes and clubs in recent weeks. The government funded (munity Relations council reported 55 serious attacks on whites between February and mid-June.

#### Independence for Tibet demanded

NEW DELHI, June 23 (A.P.) — A Tibetan exile organiz declared today that independence for Tibet is a prerequisit settlement of the China-India border conflict and friendly ations between the two big Asian countries, according to tement by the executive committee of the Tibetan Youth, gress directed at the visit to India starting Friday of Ch Foreign Minister Huang Hua. "Any solution to the compilquestion of Sino-Indian border conflict found during the theoming visit of the Chinese foreign minister will be o temporary patchwork," said the statement issued by Cur Vice-President Jamyang Norbu. "The independence of TI the only key to solution to a restoration of friendly and k relations between India and China," it added, asserting that and understanding between the two are "not possible wit issue of Tibet unsettled." The statement demanded anew China agree to an internationally-supervised plebiscite in called for by the Dalai Lama, the Tibetan spiritual leader liv exile in India. The youth group, which is more militantly spoken that the Dalai Lama, said, "The question of Tihet settled only directly with Tiberans led by His Holiness the Lama and with nobody else." Mr. Huang Hua's visit has viewed here as a step to settlement of issues unresolved sin 1962 China-India border war. India is demanding the ret 36,000 square kilometres territory. The Dalai Lama and I lowers fled from Lhasa, the Tibetan capital, to India, in when Chinese forces crushed a Tibetan insurrection, after began to colonise Tibet.

#### Security deteriorating in West Nil

KAMPALA, June 23 (A.P.) - Security in the troubled We region of northwestern Uganda is deteriorating as mutinoops abandon their posts, travellers arriving in the capital of pala said. They said that about 1,000 soldiers have moved from their garrisons at Koboko, the district capital of Arua kilometres) northwest of Kampala. The soldiers complain lack of food, supplies, and pay for the last three and or months. Relief agencies report thousands of civilians have ndoned Arua, fleeing into the bush or crossing into Zui kilometres away. An estimated 250,000 people fled the We region last October after a guerrilla incursion from Zan-Sudan allegedly prompted massive retaliation against civili government soldiers and militia. There has been no officia ment on the lastest reported disturbances, but the gover newspaper, Uganda Times, reported that Ugandan and Sus officials have ended three days of border talks in the sor Sudanese regional capital of Juba, about 160 kilometres na the Ugandan border. The report did not elaborate on the of the discussions.

# Brezhnev warns West of nuclear risk, calls for early resumption of talks

MOSCOW, June 23 (R) - Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev called on the West today to resume arms limitation talks and said the risk of ouclear conflict was growing every

Mr. Brezhnev, speaking at the opening of a two-day session of the Supreme Soviet (parliament), accused the United States of forcing an arms race unprecedented in scale and evading arms limitation negotiations.

Reading an appeal by the Supreme Soviet to world parliaments, be said: "The risk of nuclear cooflict increases with every day lost · for negotiations.

"The solution of vital problems does not wait.

"All those who through their

danger threatening the world today are, in fact, pushing manconfronting each people and all peoples is being shelved. Time kind towards an abyss." He implicitly criticised the West

for rejecting his proposals, at the Communist Party Congress in February, for a moratorium on medium-range nuclear weapons in Europe.

Today's speech was the third in two weeks by the Kremlin leader charging that the U.S. was not interested in resuming talks on limiting weapons.

actions encourage the arms race ...

or who just close their eyes to the

His comments appeared designed to put pressure on West European eovernments to recoosider a 1979 NATO decision to deploy new U.S. missiles in 1983 if Washingtoo and Moscow do not agree on limiting them.

The West German, British and Italian governments have already agreed on deployment of the missiles on their territory, but Belgium and the Netherlands have postponed a final decision until December.

#### Washington says 'not yet'

On the other hand, in Washington, Eugene Rostow, President Reagan's nominee as arms control chief, said the United States would not be ready to open strategic arms negotiations with the Soviet Union for at least nine

Mr. Rostow suggested the U.S. should seek in renewed SALT (Strategic Arms Limitatioo) talks to reduce ouclear arsenals rather than merely limit them. He cast Reuters: "This is apparently a dec-

LUSAKA June 23 (R) - Zam- ision the government of Zambia ons (ZCTU), was among labour bia has ordered two United States diplomats to leave the country, and it accused the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) of thino further comment." nking about installing a new gov-

The foreign affairs ministry said in a statement telexed to the Reuters office in Lusaka last night that first secretaries John Finney and Michael O'Brieo must leave Zambia by within 48 hours.

erument in Lusaka.

No specific allegations were made against them, but three other U.S. diplomats and an American businessman, all out of the country, were declared persona non grata for their alleged involvement in CIA activities. Frederick Lundahl, one of the diplomats, was recently expelled from Mozamhique for alleged CIA activities.

Wesley Egan, deputy chief of mission at the U.S. embassy, told

has taken and they should be the people you ask (for comment). This is an issue between two governments and, at this point, I have

in Zambia for alleged CIA connections

A spokesman for President Kenoeth Kaunda said he had nothing to add to the foreign ministry The statement also said that Webster Kayi Lumbwe, a Zam-

bian working for the ministry's Africa desk political section, had heen detained and charged with working for the CIA since January, 1979. The statement said Zambia and

the U.S. had long enjoyed close and friendly relations with no cause for anxiety.

"However, of late, some American diplomats have engaged in practices which are not in line with the normal activities of diplomats," it added.

including military hardware and the views of senior political and military leaders. The CIA also had examined "the possibility of an alternative

The statement said the CIA had a number of interests in Zambia,

leadership in the country," the statement said. "A combination of a senior army officer and Frederick Ihiluba

was discussed in CIA quarters." Mr. Ihiluba, chairman of the Zambia Congress of Trade Uni-

leaders who had their passports confiscated, and subsequently returned, after, being questioned in connection with an abortive coup plot in May 1981. Thirteen people, including sus-

pended Air Force Commander Christopher Kabwe, were charged on May 28 with treason in connection with the plot. They are expected to appear before the Lusaka high court soon. Apart from Mr. Lundahl, the Americans declared persona non

Smith and Robert Richard Simpsoo and businessman William Benton Lowethier. The statement said Mr. Lowethier had worked in Lusaka until

grata were diplomats Norman

April for a company called Intemational Business Promotions.

The statement alleged they and Mr. Lundahi cootrolled the activines of Mr. Lumbwe for the CIA. Strains have begun to show in

U.S.-Zambian relations since the Reagan administration began fresh overtures to South Africa as part of efforts to obtain an acceptable independence settlement in Namibia (South Wesst Africa).

The foreign ministry said Zambia wanted to maintain good relations "with all countries that want Zambia's friendship, but will not tolerate any activities of her friends which undermine ber security and sovereignty."

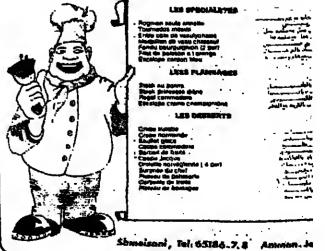
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Mr R Koffler, Gelatrek International, Scotland Street, Lianwist nr Colwyn Bey, Gwynedd LL26 OAL, North Wales, Great Britisi





### There are 2 million Afghans in Pakistan, Islamabad says

ISLAMABAD, June 23 (A.P.) - More than two million Afghan refugees have registered with the Pakistani government. Nearly one-third of them during the first five months of 1981, according to official figures released today.

A report issued by the Islamabad office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said an average of 131,087 Afghans were registering each month so far this year, more than a 50 per cent increase from the 1980 monthly average of

Soviet bombing in Afghan provinces bordering Pakistan, most

the Pakistani government agreed to estimate 1981 assistance reqnirements on the basis of 1.7 million beneficiaries, it said. A U.N. official explained that the lower figure represented the number of Afghans believed in refugee camps, excluding those living on their own in cities or with relatives.

The report said the figures were supplied by the Pakistani government. Lst month, some U.N. field workers doubted the acc-

number actually was understated because of a lag in registration. However, a U.N. administrator today disclosed that the top Pakistani refugee official in South Waziristan, the northwest frontier province, was removed for alleged "malpractices" in May. An early July meeting between UNHCR and Pakistani refugee officials has been scheduled to discuss ways to confirm registration statistics and curb misappropriation of relief supplies, said Nguyen Tang Canh, the UNHCR deputy chief of mission.

It gave no explanation for the upsurge, but there has been heavy Although 2,083,688 Afghans have registered, the UNHCR and

uracy of the Pakistani statistics and said rechecks in places including South Waziristan indicated the number of refugees might be inflated. Pakistani refugee officials denied any exaggeration and said the

# Squatters, police clash in W.Berlin

BERLIN, June 23 (A.P.) - Police arrested 173 demonstrators after a night of street hattles and vandalism in several areas of West Berlin, a police spokesman said

The disturbances broke an uneasy peace of several weeks and came a day after police had raided an apartment occupied by squatters and searched three others.

An estimated 12,000 squatters, protesting against a shortage of low-cost housing, occupy more than 140 boildings in West Berlin. Fights between squatters and police broke out regularly late last year and early this year, but the city bas been relatively peaceful in recent mooths as police stopped efforts to evict the youths.

Police gave no details of injuries in the latest fighting. A spokesman said some policeman were cut by glass fragments when rocks and paint bottles were thrown at their

In the Kreuzberg district, a strongpoint of the squatters, youths overturned a construction vehicle and blocked a street, the spokesman said. Windows were shattered in

banks, department stores and furniture stores, and some buildings were smeared with paint, he said. Vandals set a steam shovel oo fire near the city, and several fires were reported elsewhere. Egon Franke, chauman of the local police union, blamed the unrest on the former liberal city

government of Mayor Hans-Jochen Vogel and called for police

reinforcements. It was the first ser-

ious outbreak of violence since a

new conservative government was

installed earlier this month.

م كذا عن الأمل

Mr. Haig said in a dinner speech last night that ANZUS was the "spinal column" of peace and stability in the Pacific, and was more

directly and through proxies," But agreement on the dangers said to be posed by Moscow did not conceal differences of emphasis on some issues.

ops from Kampuchea.

This difference of opinion app-

eared to be reflected in the final In letter smuggled out of prison.

IRA convicts call for march

by tens of thousands in Belfast BELFAST, Juoe )A.P.) - Members of the Irisb Republican Army (IRA), in a letter smuggled out of prison, are calling on their supporters to march on Belfast by the tens of thousands Sunday to support the IRA hunger-strike.

wing, said the letter was signed by 450 inmates at the Maze Prisoo and the women's jail in Armach. "The presence of thousands oo the streets can help shift the British government," the letter said.

Sinn Fein, the legal political arm of the outlawed IRA's Provisional

A seventh IRA member in the Maze 27-year-old Michael James

Devine, joined the prison fast yesterday British authorities said. The hunger-strikers are demanding treatment as political prisoners and pledging to starve themselves to death unless the British yield. The government says conceding would make the prisons a training academy for terrorists, encourage every criminal to enlist in the IRA and legitimise the guerrillas' war to submerge Northern Ireland's

Protestant majority in the 90-per cent-Catholic Irish Republic.

Mr. Devine is serving 12 years for possession of firearms and

ammunition. The IRA, claiming that hundreds of prisoners are ready

to fast to the death, says one more prisoner will join the hunger-strike each week. In Dublin, the capital of the Irish Republic, the court of criminal appeal set July 9 for the hanging of IRA member Peter Rodgers, who was convicted of killing a detective who found explosives and weapons in a van Mr. Rodgers was driving. But the death seotence is

### **Indians commemorate Sanjay**

cremated June 24, 1980, the day

after be plunged to his death at the

controls of a stunt plane in the cap-

wielded enormous political power

as a member of parliament, head

of the youth wing of the ruling

Congress Party, and most imp-

ortantly, as his monther's closest

asion to defend her 17-mooth-old

government, saying there were

many impediments to speedy pro-

gress such as the current attempts

Recalling Sanjay's success in

moulding the youth wing of the

party into a strong political force.

the prime minister urged Indian youth to channel their eoergies

into constructive purposes, which

she said would contribute greatly

to India's development efforts and

help briog about social bet-

Mrs. Gandhi and her family joi-

ned bundreds of Youth Congress workers in offering floral tributes

to Sanjay at his memorial. San-

jay's widow, Menaka, their 15-

month-old son Tarun Feroze, his

brother Rajiv and Rajiv's wife.

Sonia, were in attendance. Youth

Congress President Ghulam Nabi

Azad presented Menaka with a

commemorative stamp hocouring

Sanjay which the Indian post off-

ice issued for the anniversary.

termeot.

to organise a railway strike.

Mrs. Gandhi also used the occ-

aide and confidant.

Prior to his death, Sanjay had

expected to be commuted to a long prisoo term.

NEW DELHI, June 23 (A.P.) -Prime Mioister Indira Gaodhi. marking the first anniversary of the death of her politically powerful son Sanjay, warned Indians today to guard against "forces" trying to weaken the fabric of nat-

ional unity. Without identifying the "forces," Mrs. Gandhi said they were trying to stir divisive tendencies and sow seeds of despondency in an effort to weakeo the national government and topple state gov-



Sanjay Gandhi

This amounted to "weakening

the strength and unity of the nat-

ion," she said at a Sanjay Gandhi

Mrs. Gandhi spoke at a rally

opposite the site where Sanjay was

memorial ceremony.